			ن انگلیسی
art A: Grammar & Voc	abularyto buy a car?		
1) who want	2) that wants	3) whom you want	4) that you want him
I have a car. I	travel very much if I .	a car.	
1) couldn't / didn't ha	ave	2) can't / have	
3) could / had		4) can / have	
3- I've never seen the	se flowers before. What	?	
1) are they called	2) do they call	3) are called them	4) have they called
4- As far as I know J	lim, and according to wh	at his mum told about him,	he hates football and never plays
1) don't I	2) didn't she	3) doesn't he	4) does he
5- A(n) ro	obot was designed to solve	e some of the problems that a	are difficult for humans.
1) elementary	2) intermediate	3) advanced	4) monolingual
6- The teacher asked	us to write the word	for the new words. In	n other words, he wanted us to deci
whether each word	was a verb, a noun, an adj	ective or an adverb.	
1) enteries	2) symbols	3) types	4) meanings
7- Medical researcher	rs are trying to find the	of the virus so tha	t they can prevent its spread.
1) issue	2) origin	3) strategy	4) relation
8- There were street	vendors who sold ice crea	am and hot dogs from their	, but because I was on
diet, I didn't buy an	ything.		
1) figures	2) sections	3) crops	4) stands
9- I try to be hospitab	ole to foreigners. It's again	st all my to beh	ave badly toward them.
1) blessings	2) heritages	3) generations	4) principles
0- He's been taken to l	hospital where his condition	n is described as	That's why we are worried about hi
	2) serious	3) developed	4) accidental

3) surprisingly

3) duty

4) unconditionally

4) challenge

2) gratefully

2) guide

12- She had a very happy childhood, and I guess her confidence is a of that.

1) morally

1) product

Part B: Cloze Test

The passage of heat from one place to another by the movement of liquid or gas is called convection, ...(13)... it takes place when the temperature of one part of liquid or gas is different from that of another part. When a liquid is heated it ...(14)... slightly so that the hot liquid is lighter than the surrounding colder liquid and ...(15)... rises. In an electric kettle the wavy currents for hot water ...(16)... rising from the element when the electricity has just been switched on. A radiator or hot water tank is always hotter at the top than at the bottom for this ...(17)....

13-	1) and	2) or	3) but	4) so					
14-	1) compiles	2) pollutes	3) expands	4) solves					
15-	1) however	2) therefore	3) rather than	4) while					
16-	1) can see	2) can be seen	3) be seen	4) to be seen					
Part Pass		at by resting our bod		4) reason					
	_			ng used up doing other things. Injured Is are healing. And quite a few illnesses					
1	make us feel sleepy so o	ur body can get on wi	th curing us.						
	Sleep is controlled by certain chemicals. These build up during the day, eventually reaching levels that make us tired. We can control the effects of these chemicals to some extent. Caffeine helps to keep us awake while some medicines make us sleepy.								
	-	•	udy what goes on in peop	le's heads while they sleep. They have					
	discovered that when w	e first drop off, every	thing slows down. The hea	rt beast more slowly and our breathing					
	becomes shallow. After	about 90 minutes ou	ır eyes start to <u>twitch</u> and	we go into what is called REM sleep.					
	_	•	t's a sign that we've started	to dream.					
	The best title for the p	assage is							
1) Why We Dream		CI	2) Facts about Sleep						
	3) Effect of Chemicals or	1 Sleep	4) Effect of Sleep on	Health					
19-	What causes human sl	eep is							
	1) some chemicals	•	2) the need to store energy						
	3) some wounds and illne	esses	4) the slowing down of our heartbeat						
20-	The word "twitch" in	line 10 is closest in me	eaning to						
	1) drop	2) close	3) move	4) become heavy					
21-	According to the passa	nge, all of the following	gs happen during sleep EX	CEPT					
	1) shallow breath		2) less heart activity						
	3) Rapid Eye Movement		4) increased need for caffeine						

Passage 2

The dependence on motor vehicles has given rise to major problems, including environmental pollution, decrease of oil resources, traffic jams and safety-related issues.

While the pollutants from new cars are far less harmful than they used to be, city streets and motorways are becoming more crowded than ever. This problem makes the air quality unpleasant and sometimes dangerous to breathe.

Technical solutions can reduce the pollution problem and increase the fuel capability of engines. Many people buy larger cars than they need for daily purposes or waste fuel by driving fast.

One solution that has been put forward is the long-term solution of designing cities and neighborhoods so that car journeys are not necessary – all essential services being located within walking distance or easily available by public transport. Not only would this save energy and decrease carbon dioxide, but it would also increase the quality of community life, putting the emphasis on people instead of cars. Better transport systems are also possible by the use of modern computers. But these are solutions for countries which can afford them.

1) nowadays air	pollution has been reduced a lo	t				
2) the consumpti	on of fuel increases when one	drives fast				
3) the use of cars	3) the use of cars for travel to places within walking distance has been reduced					
4) most of the co	untries around the world use m	nodern computers to reduce for	uel consumption			
23- One way to re	luce the number of car journ	eys is to				
1) decrease oil resources		2) make people drive faster				
3) build more streets and motorways		4) place essential services close to public transport				
24- The word "the	em" in the last line refers to	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••				
1) cars	2) solutions	3) computers	4) countries			
25- The phrase "g	iven rise to'' in line 1 is closes	st in meaning to	••			
1) caused	2) replaced	3) solved	4) continued			

22- According to the passage, it is TRUE that