Part A: Grammar & Vocabi	ılary		
1- It is necessary for every s	tudent to cla	ass on time and well _ pre	pared.
1) coming	2) to come	3) that comes	4) in coming
2-I often avoid	. shopping on weekends b	oecause the stores are so c	rowded.
1) from going	2) going	3) to go	4) being gone
3-A: Can you come with us B: Certainly. I don't hav		?	
	2) any homeworks	3) no homework	4) any homework
4-In some it is	the young people themse	lves who tell the police ah	out the drug problem in their area.
1) pressures	2) instances	3) customs	4) addictions
5-Early to tead equipment.	ch chimpanzees to speak	were unsuccessful becaus	e the animals lack the necessary vocal
1) regions	2) notices	3) attempts	4) reviews
6-The musician took great	in being ablo	e to teach others to play tl	ne piano as well as him.
1) pleasure	2) decision	3) condition	4) function
7-Certain chemicals can pr		es in the syst	em.
1) emergency	2) reasoning	3) medical	4) nervous
8-The math teacher told questions.	the students not to	through their o	exam because there were some trick
1) earn	2) achieve	3) rush	4) confuse
9-This article	useful pieces of advice for	r those who are eager to in	ncrease their vocabulary.
1) contains	2) expects	3) enables	4) stores
	onic filters to prevent wo	kers from th	ne Internet during the working hours.
1) accessing	2) referring	3) missing	4) directing
11-Doctors say that the most			
1) unimportant	2) frequent	3) agreeable	4) confident
First, new technology together clues to(1 sickness. Second, know	is now(12) to mod 3) medical mysteries wledge of genetics may	tern disease detectives de- that is, to find out the (14) or cure birth p	lar and exciting field than ever before octors and scientists who are putting answers to questions of health and roblems and genetic illnesses. Third h more(15) than they were ten or
12- 1) available	2) serious	3) creative	4) economic
13- 1) attempt	2) store	3) solve	4) combine
14- 1) satisfy	2) advise	3) avoid	4) prevent
15-1) accidental	2) imaginary	3) fluent	4) common

Part C: Reading Comprehension

Edison, Thomas Alva (1847 __ 1931), an American scientist, was one of the world's greatest inventors; he was born at Milan, Ohio in the United States.

As a boy he had a great deal of imagination and curiosity, and was taken away from school because the teacher thought his continual questions were a sign of stupidity. His first great interest was chemistry and he read all he could about it; he was only ten when he began to grow and sell vegetables so that he could buy chemicals for making experiments at home. When he was 12, he worked selling magazines and fruit on a train.

He then decided to learn telegraphy and worked in several telegraph offices. Then he had the chance to walk into the building of a telegraph company just as the telegraph stopped working. Soon afterwards he made a large sum of money by selling his design for a telegraphic instrument known as a stock checker, which relayed information about share prices from stock markets.

He then began on his own and set up a workshop and laboratory for making stock checkers and for working on his other inventions. He also helped to make the first successful typewriter and found a way of sending as many as six messages together over the same telegraph wire without getting them mixed up. He was very proud of having invented the gramophone in 1877.

16-	Edison stopped stud	lying at school, for	•••••		
1) he did not study well		2) his mother wante	2) his mother wanted him to do so		
	3) he had a great imagination and curiosity		4) the teacher thought he would not make progress at school		
17-	At first Edison gave	his attention to	•		
	1) physics	2) telegraphy	3) chemistry	4) typewriting	
18-	He became financia	lly successful by			
1) working in a telegraph company		2) selling his design for a stock checker			
3) selling magazines and fruit on a train		4) making chemicals at home			
19-	According to his tea	cher, Edison's continual que	stions showed his	•••••••••	
	1) stupidity	2) imagination	3) curiosity	4) creativity	

20-According to the passage, which sentence is <u>not true</u>?

- 1) He, in 1877, invented one of the things he was very proud of.
- 2) He decided to learn telegraphy and worked in several telegraph offices.
- 3) He began on his own and set up a workshop and laboratory for making stock checkers.
 - 4) By inventing the first typewriter he could send as many as six messages without getting them mixed up.