زبان انگلیسی

Part A:Grammar & Voca	•		
•	ress, I'd come to see you. You my addre	ss.	
1) had	2) have	3) didn't have	4) don't have
2- When I	. at the party, all the other g	uests had already eaten t	their dinner.
1) arrived	2) had arrived	3) was arriving	4) was arrived
3- You have to find out	t how much the	se workers for painting	your apartment.
1) you must pay	2) you must be paid	3) must pay	4) must be paid
4- Do you look forward	to old age, or do you	physical weakness, lo	ss of memory and dependence on others?
1) renew	2) replace	3) dread	4) demand
5- You should prepare	all your documents carefull	v before for	r a passport.
1) delivering	2) receiving	3) supplying	4) applying
6- Reza is sick and the	doctor has advised him to	the amount o	of fat in his food.
1) ignore	2) prepare	3) reduce	4) destroy
7- The whole	will benefit from the wid	le range of resources nov	w available at the college.
1) atmosphere	2) community	3) application	4) environment
8- The charity has prop	mised, especial	ly medicine and clothing	to all those who are needy.
1) action	2) aid	3) clue	4) issue
9- Men can usually rur	n faster than women,	because they have	greater muscular strength.
1) necessarily	2) unexpectedly	3) primarily	4) immediately
10- When the sun and m	100n are in line, they act tog	ether to produce exception	onally high and low
1) sources	2) margins	3) fuels	4) tides
11- The nicotine in cigare	ettes is extremely harmful, an	d has been classified as th	ne mostdrug in existence.
1) addictive	2) passive	3) digestive	4) portable
12- Few people would d	isagree with the fact that us	ing a seatbelt will reduce	e the of serious injury in a
car accident.	-	-	
1) likelihood	2) disability	3) component	4) commerce

Part B: Cloze Test

Complete silence ...(13)... in laboratories. The walls and ceilings, made of blocks of special sound - ...(14)...materials, are more than three feet thick, while floor coverings are six – foot layers of ...(15)... or cotton wool. Silence here can be very ...(16)... yet scientists stay in these rooms to test the various materials being ...(17)...to make the world a less noisy place.

13- 1) can only find	2) can only be found	3) only finds	4) only is found
14- 1) converting	2) demanding	3) consuming	4) absorbing
15- 1) joints	2) coals	3) strings	4) feathers
16- 1) painful 17- 1) renewed	 2) chemical 2) monitored 	 3) gradual 3) developed 	 4) magic 4) replaced

Part C: Reading Comprehension

Passage 1:

Voltaire is the pen name of Francois Marie Arouet (1694-1778), the greatest of the writers and thinkers who lived in France in the 18th century, during the years leading up to the French Revolution (1789-99). He lived a long life and he never stopped writing about the right of a person to be free and to think for himself. He attacked the government for oppressing people's lives. He also attacked the Church which, he felt, did not allow freedom of faith. He pointed out all the weaknesses of the society in which he lived and helped to prepare the way for the French Revolution.

Francois Marie Arouet was born in Paris. He attended the Jesuit college of Lous-le-Grand in Paris, and there learned to love literature and theatre. He became the fan of Parisian society, but was always in trouble with the powerful people whom he mocked and wrote about. Before he was 24 he had been exiled from Paris and then imprisoned in the Bastille. Following the success of the first of his plays, Oedipe, in 1718, he took the name Voltaire.

From 1726 to 1729 he lived as an exile in England. He saw a society where there was far more freedom than he had known in France and far greater tolerance for the opinions and beliefs of <u>others</u>.

Back in France, Voltaire turned his interest to history and philosophy, and in 1734 published *Lettres Philosophiques* (Philosophical Letters), a landmark in the history of thought. This outspoken work caused such a stir that he was again in trouble with the political and religious authorities, and he fled to the chateau of a friend at Cirey in the Champagne region. Here he lived with Mme du Chatelet for 15 years, studying, writing, and from time to time travelling in Europe.

18- What is the best title for the passage?

- 1) Rise of a Revolution
- 3) Voltaire's Difficult Political Life
- 2) Voltaire's Life and Works
- 4) Effects of Voltaire's Ideas on France and England

19- Which of the following is <u>NOT</u> true about Voltaire?

- 1) He died in his 80's. 2) He was against the government of his time.
- 3) He experienced the French Revolution. 4) He c
- 4) He cared about the society in which he lived.

20- What is true about his first piece of writing for the theatre?

1) It was written in the early 18th century.

- 2) It was a play that was not welcomed by people.
- 3) It was written in a place known as the Bastille.
- 4) It was not staged at any theater due to the influence of some powerful people.

21- The word "others" in line 13 refers to

1) people

Passage 2:

Amounts of sleep vary greatly with age and even between individuals. Newborns sleep the most-a newborn baby sleeps between 17 and 18 hours a day, spending nearly half of that time in REM sleep (periods of eye movement during sleep). Both REM and NREM (nonrapid eye movement) sleep decrease with age, and by age five, children sleep between 10 and 12 hours a day, spending about 20 percent of that time in REM sleep.

The average young adult seems to need about 8 hours of sleep per night to function well enough during waking hours. Some people, however, sleep just 6 or 7 hours a night, while others need more than 9 hours to feel rested. Old people spend less time in deep NREM sleep, and their sleep is more easily interrupted.

REM sleep amounts also vary across different animals, depending on the size of the animal and its level of development at birth. The size of an animal seems to affect the type of sleep it experiences-small animals generally spend more time in REM sleep. Animals, such as opossums and humans, that are born in a condition in which they are unable to look after themselves or to do anything to help themselves, generally have more REM sleep as newborns than animals that can hunt, eat, keep warm, and defend themselves soon after birth, for instance horses. Even as animals age into adulthood, those born relatively immature continue to spend more time in REM sleep than animals that are mature at birth.

22- How much time does a newly born baby spend in REM sleep?

1) Half a day	2) About 6 hours		
3) About 8.5 hours	4) Between 17 and 18 hours		
23- According to the passage, the number of sleeping hours college students probably require			
1) is exactly 8 hours	2) is 8 hours or more		
3) varies between 6 to 9 hours	4) depends on the tasks they perform		

1) children aged 5 2) adults 3) newborns 4) old people	;
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25- What does paragraph 3 mainly discuss?

1) Factors influencing REM sleep in animals

2) Comparison of sleep in humans and animals

3) Effect of an animal's size on its sleep patterns

4) Relationship between animals' and humans' level of development at birth and the amount of REM sleep