

Part A: Grammar & Vocabulary

- 1- A stone bridge built in our village recently by voluntary villagers.
 1) is 2) will be 3) has been 4) should be
- 2- A: Why have you bought so many books?
 B: I them to the local library.
 1) will donate 2) am going to donate
 3) donated 4) was going to donate
- 3- We're having for tonight. Why don't you come to our place?
 1) a fish – dinner 2) a fish – the dinner 3) fish – dinner 4) fish – the dinner
- 4- Remember to bring clothes that protection against the wind and rain.
 1) provide 2) record 3) found 4) examine
- 5- He burst into tears and asked me to him. He had broken my heart before.
 1) forgive 2) follow 3) regret 4) regard
- 6- There was no ladder around, so I had to him up so that he could reach the top shelf.
 1) score 2) spring 3) care 4) boost
- 7- How can they learn anything when they spend all their time watching television?
 1) calm 2) spare 3) generous 4) central
- 8- People who cannot between colors are said to be color-blind.
 1) appreciate 2) dedicate 3) select 4) distinguish
- 9- Harry watched him fall back and noted that a considerable of blood was coming out of his mouth.
 1) quantity 2) location 3) pattern 4) formation
- 10- The human life span in the developed countries has increased over the last hundred years.
 1) voluntary 2) sparing 3) average 4) endangered
- 11- Now that the problem has been identified, action can be taken.
 1) common 2) personal 3) appropriate 4) additional
- 12- Your plan is a good one, but there are several important points you've forgotten to
 1) create 2) consider 3) divide 4) inform

Part B: Cloze Test

Earthquakes are ...(13)... in China. They sometimes do a lot of damage. Chinese scientists tour the region hunting for ...(14)... that might mean an earthquake is due. They use an instrument called a seismograph that ...(15)... the movements of the Earth's crust. In 1975, scientists ...(16)... able to warn people that there would be an earthquake in the city of Haicheng. Just two hours after the people had been led to ...(17)..., the city was destroyed.

- 13- 1) common 2) national 3) proper 4) generous
 14- 1) signs 2) rules 3) reports 4) choices
 15- 1) selects 2) corrects 3) records 4) orders
 16- 1) has been 2) may be 3) are 4) were
 17- 1) pain 2) loss 3) reality 4) safety

Part C: Reading Comprehension

Passage 1:

One of the best-known of American writers is Samuel Clemens, whose pen name is Mark Twain. Born in 1835, Twain grew up in the Mississippi River town of Hannibal, Missouri. As did many other boys of his day, Twain dreamed of traveling on river boats and of some day becoming a river boat pilot.

Twain used his memories of the life in a river town in his two most famous books, Huckleberry Finn and Tom Sawyer. As a young man Twain held many jobs. He was a painter, a gold miner, and a river boat pilot. During his pilot days, he adopted the name Mark Twain.

Later Twain became a successful writer. He traveled a great deal, writing and speaking, and became very popular both in the United States and in Europe. Twain's style of writing was simple and direct. Among the things he wrote about were people who were not clever and people who were easily fooled. He used his unusual gift for humor to write about many things of importance.

- 18- According to the passage, Mark Twain became a writer
 1) while he was living on the Mississippi River 2) after he dreamed of traveling on river boats
 3) before he went to Hannibal 4) before he was a painter and a gold miner
- 19- Mark Twain did not work as a
 1) painter 2) director 3) gold miner 4) river boat pilot
- 20- Clemens chose his name as a writer
 1) while living in Hannibal 2) while writing Tom Sawyer
 3) during his pilot days 4) when he was traveling in Europe
- 21- Which sentence is NOT true about Mark Twain?
 1) He used his unusual gift for humor to write.
 2) He wrote about stupid people.
 3) He used his memories of the life in a river town in two books.
 4) Before he became a successful writer, he traveled a great deal.

Passage II:

Association football, commonly called soccer, is the most popular game in Europe and South America and is also widely played throughout the rest of the world. Most countries belong to the international organization that rules the sport, the Federation International of Football Association (FIFA).

It is not really known when the game began, but it was certainly played in Roman times and during the Middle Ages. However, this early form of the game was so rough that it was stopped by seven kings. It was not until the second half of the 19th century that it began to take its present form in schools in Great Britain. Even then there were a wide variety of rules. Where open fields were available, a greater number of players were permitted and so was “handling and kicking”. So they began practicing dribbling and passing. Finally, in 1863 the Football Association (FA) was founded in order to decide on a standard set of rules.

22- The passage is mainly about

- 1) playing soccer in open fields
- 2) the most popular game in the world
- 3) introducing Football Association
- 4) ruling of the international organization

23- Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

- 1) Nobody knows when the game started.
- 2) All countries of the world belong to FIFA.
- 3) An international organization is ruling the sport.
- 4) Football was probably first played in Europe.

24- According to the passage, the game

- 1) was permitted to be played by few people
- 2) was not rough and so was not stopped by the kings
- 3) was played in Roman times and during the Middle Ages
- 4) did not take its form in the second part of the 19th century

25- The Football Association was founded to

- 1) decide on a standard set of rules
- 2) send players from one country to another
- 3) let players practice “dribbling” and “passing”
- 4) help different countries to invite good players