Part A: Grammar & Vocabu 1- Natalia hoped 1) that she received	•	who traveled to Mexico last 2) that she would be receive	•
3) to receive		4) to be received	ed
2- Have all the necessary ar	rangements for the meetin	g by the comp	any's secretary?
1) been making	2) were made	3) been made	4) made
3- He can barely talk to oth	, ·		
1) can he	2) doesn't he	3) has he	4) does he
4- The test we took wasn't .	as we thought.		
1) easier	2) as easily	3) easy	4) as easy
5- A government spokesma	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	eart attack.
1) confirmed	2) elicited	3) regarded	4) provided
6- Movies always seem to be people like you and me.	e about people who are ri	ch or wonderfully talented	l rather than simple,
1) inspiring	2) ordinary	3) religious	4) ethical
7- My sister ad terrible.	ded salt instead of sugar to	o the ingredients when she	was making a cake, and it tasted
1) accidentally	2) generously	3) selectively	4) sparingly
8- Conversations have a norm 1) records	nal speed, and people are son 2) pauses	netimes impatient of long 3) processes	made by language learners. 4) discoveries
9- We were searching every 1) regret	where for our cat, and all to 2) signal	the, it was slee 3) guide	ping under our neighbor's car. 4) while
10- We try to do what is best	for our customers in	3) terms	r products. 4) hints
11- Nobody believes his story 1) control			t he says. 4) opinion
12- I've skimmed over the re	port but I haven't had eno	ugh time to look at it in	••••••
1) wonder	2) detail	3) comparison	4) description
Part B: Cloze Test Egyptian tomb pictures	often form beautiful deco	ration, but that was not w	hat they(13) for in the first
shown. When nowadays difficult to tell at first loo	we see a newspaper photok which arms and legs(tograph and several peoplation to which person,(1	ng had to be(14) and clearly le close together, it is sometimes 16) if the photograph is of some made sure there was no doubt
13- 1) were meant	2) meant	3) were meaning	4) were being meant
14- 1) centrally	2) calmly	3) simply	4) lazily
15- 1) collect	2) connect	3) belong	4) define
16- 1) truthfully	2) strangely	3) suitably	4) especially
17- 1) other	2) such	3) more	4) less

Part C: Reading Comprehension

Passage 1:

There must be a great many people who, either for lack of opportunity or of their own choice, did not go to university and who, at a certain point in their lives, have regretted this gap in their education. At this stage, few people could go to university even if they wanted, since they could not afford the time off work. With the opening of the Open University, people are now able to take a university degree, for the courses are especially designed so that you can study at home. However, you must have access to a radio and a television set, for part of your course consists of two weekly programs. One of them is broadcast on the radio and the other on television, and they each last twenty five minutes. The new university has not been in operation long enough to prove its success as a venture, but it obviously opens up the possibility of a university education to a much wider section of the population than has hitherto received it.

18- According to the reading	, most people who did	n't attend a university	
1) wish they had done so		2) are happy having	ng done so
3) couldn't find interest in	attending university	4) had the opportu	unity to find a job
19- According to the passage	, the Open University	is an opportunity for t	hose who
1) like to watch TV progra	ms		
2) don't like studying at un	iversity		
3) want to go to university	but have no time to do	that	
4) have completed their un	iversity but are still une	employed	
20- According to the passage	, the Open University	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
1) hasn't had many student	s so far		
2) is not open to the people	who don't want to go	out of their house	
3) doesn't have a long history	orical background but c	certainly has the advanta	ge of providing education for more people.
4) has proved that it is mor	e advantageous than ot	her universities	
21- The word "venture" near	r the end of the passag	ge is closest in meaning	to
1) pattern	2) gesture	3) guide	4) project

Passage 2:

In 1954, the American and Soviet governments announced that they would launch artificial satellites during the International Geophysical Year of 1957-58. The Russians were first mistaken about the unmanned satellite Sputnik 1 on 4 October 1957. (Sputnik is Russian for "travelling companion".) Its capsule, weighing 83.6 kilograms, went into Earth orbit carrying a radio transmitter whose "bleeps" (pips) were received on the ground.

Sputnik I was followed in November 1957 by the much bigger Sputnik 2, which weighed half a tonne. It carried a dog, Laika, which became the first living creature to orbit the Earth. The first American satellite, Explorer 1, weighed only 14 kilograms. It was launched in January 1958.

The Russian probe, Luna 1, launched in 1959, flew past the Moon at a distance of about 6,000 kilometers. In the same year, the Russians actually hit the Moon with Luna 2, and Luna 3 flew round the Moon and sent back the first photographs of the far side.

22-	According	to the	passage,	Sputnik	1	•••••	
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- 1) was a satellite without anyone inside it
- 3) carried a radio transmitter on the ground
- 2) weighed 83.6 kilograms
- 4) was a capsule which went into Earth orbit

23- Which sentence about Sputnik 1 is NOT true?

- 1) Sputnik 1 was first launched by the Russians.
- 2) Sputnik 1 was much bigger than Sputnik 2.
- 3) The capsule of Sputnik 1 went into the Earth orbit carrying a radio transmitter.
- 4) Sputnik 1 was followed by another Sputnik carrying a dog.

24- 7	The passage	points out	that	the	Russians	got to	the	Moon	with	•••••
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3) Types of Satellites

1) Luna 1

- 2) Luna 2
- 3) Luna 3
- 4) three probes

25- The best title for the passage would be

- 1) International Geophysics

- 2) Russian Sputniks
- 4) First Steps in Space