زبان انگلیسی ۲

Part A: Grammar &	Vocabulary		•••••
	—	isease during the past two	
1) died	2) were dying	3) have died	4) was going to die
2- I can't imagine Farz	zad hard for	the exam. He is such a laz	zy boy.
1) study	2) studying	3) to study	4) by studying
3- Of course you can b	orrow my bike as long as	you by toma	prrow.
1) give it back	2) give back it	3) give bike back	4) give back bike
4- Please	. that the bill must be paid	l within ten days, otherwis	e they will cut off the electricity.
1) note	2) direct	3) limit	4) rethink
5- Under the	of the drug my mind	was filled with strange im	ages.
1) production	2) emergency	3) technology	4) influence
6- Calcium is the prima	ary needed	for building and maintain	ing strong bones.
1) secret	2) miracle	3) vitamin	4) mineral
7- This portable	enables deaf people	to telephone the hospital by	y typing a message instead of speaking.
1) content	2) jogger	3) stage	4) device
8- All her life she's nev	ver done anything that has	s been of my	admiration and respect.
1) worthy	2) avoidable	3) positive	4) recreational
9- This course is of	interest to thos	se hoping to study in an En	nglish – speaking university.
1) various	2) particular	3) creative	4) medical
	-	're making me	
1) nervous	2) serious	3) confusing	4) retired
11- Providing	people with somew	where to stay when the w	veather is cold only skates round the
problem; it doesn't s	solve it.		
1) unbalanced	2) regional	3) homeless	4) native
Part B: Cloze Test			
Victor Hugo is a fa	mous character in literat	ture. He was the son of a	general who(12) in the armies of
Napoleon I . Hugo w	vent to Paris with his moth	er at the age of ten. His fin	rst book of poetry was so successful that
he(13) to be a	writer. He became a chie	f member of the Romanti	c(14), which was trying to change
styles and themes of	f writing. He(15) a	lot of literary works such	as novels, plays and epic poetry. After
France became a rej	public, Hugo returned to 1	Paris as a hero. In 1878 he	fell ill and died.
<b>12-</b> 1) located	2) employed	3) joined	4) served
<b>13-</b> 1) decides	2) has decided	3) decided	4) was deciding
<b>14-</b> 1) proportion	2) movement	3) direction	4) mission
<b>15-</b> 1) published	2) progressed	3) educated	4) predicted

## Part C: Reading Comprehension

For every man in the Civil War who died in battle, two or three men died of disease. Doctors of that time knew very little about causes of sickness or ways of preventing it. Thousands of men in poor health became soldiers. Hundred of others had never had childhood diseases. Many of these soldiers could not withstand the epidemics of measles, mumps, and whooping cough that went through the camps.

Army life was hard. Soldiers got few fruits or vegetables. There was no milk unless they happened to find a cow. Neither their clothes nor their shelters protected the troops from rain, snow and cold. Sickness and disease were spread by insects, rats, and impure drinking water. Often the men drank straight from muddy streams. Gunshot wounds were serious as in any war, but they did not cause as much death and suffering as disease did.

16- Doctors at the time of the Civil War knew				
1) a lot about curing disease	2) little about the causes of disease			
3) only how to prevent disease	4) how to cure dangerous epidemics			
17- Men who were accepted as Civil War soldiers were				
1) known to have already had measles and mumps	2) required to be in perfect health			
3) able to withstand epidemics easily	4) often in poor health			
18- Army life was hard on the troops because				
1) they were sheltered only from the cold	2) their diets lacked good, healthful food			
3) they could hardly find a cow to get milk	4) their warm clothes were not suitable for winter			
19- Insects and rats were dangerous because they				
1) destroyed food	2) carried diseases			
3) made the water impure	4) destroyed the soldiers' clothing			
20- The best title for this selection is				
1) Disease	2) The Greatest Danger			
3) Insects, Rats, and Gunshot Wounds	4) The History of Epidemics			