

Past Continuous Tense زمان گذشته استمراری



الف) ساختار

... + ing فعل + was / were + فاعل

Example:

I / He / She / It was working.
 You / We / They were working.
 He was doing his homework at ۵.

☆ اودر ساعت ۵ در حال انجام تکالیفش بود.

ب) طرز سؤالی و منفی کردن

برای سؤالی کردن was و were را به ابتدای جمله می آوریم و برای منفی کردن بعد از was و were (not) می گذاریم (فرمهای مخفف: weren't و wasn't).

Example:

Was he doing his homework at ۵?
 He wasn't doing his homework at ۵.

ج) طرز پاسخ دادن

به مثال های زیر توجه کنید:

Example:

۱) Were the children playing in the yard?
 Yes, they were. They were playing in the yard.
 No, they weren't. They weren't playing in the yard.

☆ آیا بچه ها در حیاط مشغول بازی بودند؟

۲) Was she living in Paris at that time?
 Yes, she was. She was living in Paris at that time.
 No, she wasn't. She wasn't living in Paris at that time.

☆ آیا او در آن زمان در پاریس زندگی می کرد؟

د) کلرید

① بیان کاری که در زمان یا دوره معینی در گذشته ادامه داشته است.

Example:

I was reading a book between ۲ and ۴.

☆ من بین ساعت ۲ و ۴ مشغول خواندن یک کتاب بودم.

۳ بیان کاری که در گذشته ادامه داشته و کار دیگری با آن تلافی می‌کند.

Example:

She was cooking dinner when the guests arrived.

وقتی مهمان‌ها رسیدند، او در حال پختن شام بود.

۴ بیان کارهایی که به‌طور هم‌زمان با هم در گذشته مدتی ادامه داشته‌اند.

Example:

I was watching TV while he was swimming.

من در حال تماشای تلویزیون بودم، در حالی که او مشغول شنا کردن بود.

۵ بیان کارها و وضعیت‌های موقتی در زمان گذشته. برای وضعیت‌های پابدارتر از گذشته ساده استفاده می‌شود.

Example:

We were living in Tehran last year.

ما سال گذشته در تهران زندگی می‌کردیم.

We lived in Tehran for ۱۰ years.

ما ده سال در تهران زندگی کردیم.

(ه) نشانه‌ها

1) $\text{فرد گذشته} + \text{ساعت}$

Example:

at ۳ o'clock yesterday

دیروز ساعت ۳

2) between

Example:

between ۴ and ۶

بین ساعت ۴ و ۶

3) all + فرد گذشته

Example:

all yesterday

تمام دیروز

4) at this time + فعل گذشته

Example:

at this time last week

☆ همین موقع هفته پیش

5) when + فاعل + فعل گذشته
فعل گذشته استمراری

Example:

when he came / was coming

☆ وقتی او آمد / می آمد

6) while + فاعل + was / were + ing + ...

Example:

while he was working

☆ در حالی که او کار می کرد.

نکته: افعال غیر حرکتی (state verbs) به حالات، عواطف، افکار، حواس یا وضعیت‌ها اشاره دارند. این افعال در زمان‌های استمراری به کار نمی‌روند و در عوض از زمان‌های ساده (حال ساده، گذشته ساده و ...) استفاده می‌شود. اما افعال حرکتی (action verbs) را می‌توان هم در زمان‌های ساده و هم در زمان‌های استمراری استفاده کرد. مثال:

افعال حرکتی: clean – work – speak – run – watch – write - ...

افعال غیر حرکتی: believe – love – like – feel – know – remember – want – need - ...

۱) We love / ~~are loving~~ our country.

☆ ما عاشق کشورمان هستیم.

۲) We believe / ~~are believing~~ in Allah.

☆ ما به الله ایمان داریم.

۳) I didn't know / ~~wasn't knowing~~ his name.

☆ من نام او را نمی‌دانستم.

۴) She ~~cleaned~~ / was cleaning her room when I saw her.

☆ وقتی او را دیدم داشت اتاقش را تمیز می‌کرد.

۵) I wanted / ~~was wanting~~ to go to the cinema last night.

☆ دیشب می‌خواستم به سینما بروم.



این ضمایر عبارتند از:

myself	خودم
yourself	خودت
{ himself herself itself	خودش (مذکر) خودش (مؤنث) خودش (اشیاء / حیوانات)

ourselves	خودمان
yourselves	خودتان
themselves	خودشان

الف) ضمایر انعکاسی (Reflexive Pronouns)

هرگاه فاعل و مفعول هر دو یکسان باشند، از ضمایر انعکاسی استفاده می‌شود. این ضمایر در جایگاه مفعول (یعنی بعد از فعل یا بعد از حرف اضافه) به کار می‌روند.

Example:

He bought himself a newspaper.

او برای خودش یک روزنامه خرید.

مفعول فعل

He bought a newspaper for himself.

مفعول حرف اضافه

ب) ضمایر تأکیدی (Emphatic Pronouns)

① تأکید فاعل: این ضمایر برای تأکید فاعل در دو قسمت ظاهر می‌شوند: بعد از فاعل یا در آخر جمله.

Example:

Vahid himself solved the problem.

وحد خودش مسئله را حل کرد.

Vahid solved the problem himself.

② تأکید مفعول: برای تأکید مفعول، این ضمایر بعد از مفعول جمله به کار می‌روند.

Example:

I like the house itself but I don't like the neighborhood.

مفعول

من خود خانه را دوست دارم، اما از محله خوشم نمی‌آید.

در جملات لری فاعل جمله همیشه you است، پس ضمایر انعکاسی مناسب در این گونه جملات yourself یا yourselves می‌باشند. مثال:

Take care of yourself / yourselves.

مراقب خودت / خودتان باش / باشید.

بعد از حروف اضافه مربوط به مکان (above, below, beside, near و...) و افعالی مانند bring و take به جای ضمایر انعکاسی از ضمایر مفعولی استفاده می‌شود. مثال:

Please bring your dictionary with you.

لطفاً دیکشنری‌ات را همراه خودت بیاور.

I always keep my calculator beside me.

من همیشه ماشین حسابم را نزدیک خودم نگه می‌دارم.

فیسبر انعکاسی فرم ملکی ندارند. در عوض از عبارت (own + صفت ملکی) پیش از اسم استفاده می‌شود. مثال:

I saw him with my own eyes.

من او را با چشم‌های خودم دیدم.

با فعالیت‌های روزانه فیسبر انعکاسی به کار نمی‌رود، مگر این‌که انجام این کارها برای ما دشوار باشد. مثال:

She always wash and dress in the morning.

او همیشه صبح‌ها دست و روی خود را می‌شوید و لباس می‌پوشد.

She can't dress her self since she is seriously ill.

او نمی‌تواند لباس خودش را بپوشد، چون بدچواری بیمار است.

I showered and shaved before going out.

من قبل از بیرون رفتن دوش گرفتم و صورتم را اصلاح کردم.

در اصطلاحات زیر از فیسبر انعکاسی استفاده می‌شود:

Let's go to the party and enjoy ourselves.

بیا به مهمانی برویم و خوش بگذرانیم.

Help yourself to sandwiches.

بفرمایید ساندویچ میل کنید.

I painted the house by myself (= alone, on my own).

من خانه را به تنهایی نقاشی کردم.

Make yourself at home.

میزل خودتان است. (راحت باشید)

Behave yourself, please.

لطفاً مؤدب باشید.

چنان‌چه فاعل جمله one باشد، از ضمیر oneself استفاده می‌کنیم. مثال:

One should respect oneself.

شخص باید به خودش احترام بگذارد.



Grammar

- 1. When other kids were still outside, she reading and reciting the Holy Quran.
1) played / learned 2) playing / learned
3) playing / learning 4) played / was learning

- 2. We were talking about our day. Suddenly we a noise.
1) were hearing 2) heard 3) will hear 4) hear

- 3. Someone him when he in his observatory.
1) was going to kill / works 2) is going to kill / will work
3) was killing / worked 4) killed / was working

- 4. She interested in translating the Holy Quran when she and teaching translation.
1) was getting / studied 2) was getting / studying
3) got / was studying 4) got / studied

- 5. As no one was helping me, I was doing everything
- 1) itself 2) myself 3) themselves 4) oneself

- 6. Did Babak's brothers clean the house?
1) themselves 2) theirselves 3) himself 4) hisself

- 7. One group of people who the world are scientists.
1) will study 2) study 3) studied 4) were studying

- 8. I remember how my mother the house herself.
1) dean 2) will dean 3) dean 4) were dean

- 9. They and all evening. They really had a good time.
1) are reading / playing 2) read / play
3) read / played 4) were reading / playing

- 10. Thank you, dear. But, don't do that
- 1) was waiting / yourself 2) were waiting / ourselves
3) waited / yourselves 4) wait / yourself

- 11. My friend usually plays tennis, but when I last saw her she ping - pong.
1) plays 2) played 3) was playing 4) is playing

- 12. I at the time, so I did not hear the slight noise.
1) will work 2) was working 3) worked 4) am working

13. As he to jump over the rope, he fell and hurt himself.
 1) was running 2) ran 3) was going to run 4) runs
14. "When did you finish your homework?"
 "I it while you to the radio."
 1) am doing / are listening 2) did / listened
 3) did / were listening 4) was doing / were listening
15. Time slowly when you have nothing to do.
 1) passed 2) passes 3) is passing 4) was passing
16. Something very strange to me on my way home yesterday afternoon.
 1) happened 2) was happening 3) were happening 4) will happen
17. I was enjoying the party, but Chris to go home.
 1) wants 2) wanted 3) was wanting 4) want
18. My mother likes to have all her family near
 1) hers 2) she 3) herself 4) her
19. To be successful in life, you must believe in
 1) you 2) your 3) yourself 4) oneself
20. The teacher asked my friend and to show him our homework.
 1) mine 2) myself 3) I 4) me
21. We talk to in French because it's the only language we both know.
 1) ours 2) us 3) ourselves 4) each other
22. "Why are you angry with?"
 "Because I drove carelessly and had an accident."
 1) yourselves 2) yourself 3) me 4) myself
23. Don't correct Tom; he is able to correct
 1) himself 2) by himself 3) him 4) his
24. I'm busy at the moment. I on the computer.
 1) work 2) was working 3) am going to work 4) am working
25. At nine o'clock yesterday morning we for the bus.
 1) waited 2) waiting 3) are going to wait 4) were waiting
26. When I looked round the door, the baby quietly.
 1) was sleeping 2) were sleeping 3) slept 4) is sleeping



27. Where's Robert? a shower?
 1) Does he have 2) Has he 3) Is he having 4) Was he having
28. When we go on holiday, we always enjoy
 1) ourselves 2) them 3) it 4) us
29. She took her brother out with to do some shopping.
 1) herself 2) her 3) hers 4) she
30. I like the house, but my wife hates it.
 1) ourselves 2) herself 3) itself 4) myself

Vocabulary

31. Fortunately, his father is going to smoking.
 1) solve 2) quit 3) seek 4) attend
32. Human knowledge with scientists' hard work.
 1) develops 2) invents 3) values 4) acts
33. The key to their success is their hard work and in themselves.
 1) belief 2) gain 3) try 4) interest
34. Newton was sitting under a tree when an apple his head.
 1) rested 2) saved 3) hit 4) pumped
35. They helped the first patient with penicillin in ۱۹۴۲ when the flu was
 1) going out 2) giving up 3) getting around 4) passing away
36. Reza was an experiment when the phone rang.
 1) carrying 2) making 3) doing 4) getting
37. She published her of the Holy Quran in ۱۳۸۰.
 1) narration 2) recitation 3) invention 4) translation
38. When children grow up, their changes.
 1) speciality 2) possibility 3) personality 4) rapidity
39. Some scientists study people and how they and learn.
 1) quit 2) behave 3) solve 4) recite
40. Scientists feel when they solve problems and find answers to their questions.
 1) experimental 2) developmental 3) peaceful 4) successful
41. In ۱۸۷۶, George Bernard Shaw came to London his fortune as a writer.
 1) seeking 2) believing 3) situating 4) noticing

42. This book the importance of religion in the history of Iran.
 1) observes 2) emphasizes 3) interviews 4) creates
43. The prices of gold and silver have gone down in
 1) gift 2) gain 3) value 4) wonder
44. Success in business is the result of management.
 1) skillful 2) rising 3) detailed 4) defensive
45. The truck went out of control but there were no other cars on the road.
 1) noticeably 2) suddenly 3) fortunately 4) finally
46. He has a new method of keeping food fresh at room temperature.
 1) attended 2) invented 3) reminded 4) conversed
47. At last there's a of peace in the Middle East.
 1) development 2) possibility 3) success 4) fortune
48. There must be something wrong with my - can you repeat what you just said?
 1) questioning 2) stating 3) hearing 4) considering
49. He amused them by his adventures in Africa.
 1) informing 2) defending 3) identifying 4) narrating
50. In the present, I don't think it would be a good idea to try to sell your house.
 1) collection 2) definition 3) comparison 4) situation
51. Scientists are conducting experiments to show how thought and speech are
 1) donated 2) observed 3) related 4) stated
52. Grandpa gets very when he talks about the war.
 1) fortunate 2) emotional 3) patient 4) historic
53. He was sent to England at the age of eight to a school in London.
 1) introduce 2) examine 3) attend 4) describe
54. One of my earliest childhood is of being given a toy car for my birthday.
 1) memories 2) personalities 3) realities 4) expressions
55. I realize now that you were telling the truth, and I'm that I didn't believe you.
 1) energetic 2) emphatic 3) ashamed 4) personal
56. She a poem that she had learned at school.
 1) created 2) compared 3) invented 4) recited
57. "Your mother because of a heart attack during the night," the doctor told him.
 1) got around 2) passed away 3) put out 4) cut down



58. My father's death was very It came as a shock to us all.
1) sudden 2) actual 3) emotional 4) possible
59. Schools will have to their students' exam results.
1) publish 2) research 3) develop 4) translate
60. I'm sure you'll get a reply soon. Just try to be
1) novel 2) patient 3) interested 4) simple
61. Fred gave us a lot of advice when we first started the company.
1) believable 2) solvable 3) valuable 4) medical
62. In Japanese society there is a lot of on academic success.
1) statement 2) emphasis 3) relation 4) emotion
63. The that she might miss her train made her leave early.
1) moment 2) memory 3) prospect 4) thought
64. A team of Japanese scientists is carrying out into the effects of acid rain.
1) protection 2) solution 3) invention 4) research
65. It was raining heavily and visibility was
1) poor 2) sensible 3) restful 4) odd
66. Although we always need extra drivers, we cannot guarantee employment.
1) peaceful 2) continuous 3) various 4) endangered
67. While the war continues there is little hope of the area becoming
1) developed 2) developmental 3) inventive 4) emphatic
68. They said that the school buildings were in a terrible and were in need of repair.
1) nature 2) stress 3) state 4) sense
69. I didn't anything strange about her behavior that day.
1) observe 2) orbit 3) donate 4) define
70. We gave her an, but decided not to offer her the job.
1) information 2) opinion 3) observation 4) interview
71. I am against scientists who on living creatures.
1) succeed 2) develop 3) emphasize 4) experiment
72. The Hydro-Ram is a clever which will make it easier for firemen to get people out of crashed cars.
1) quality 2) background 3) invention 4) attendance
73. All of Joe's teachers said that he had a gift for mathematics.
1) special 2) famous 3) energetic 4) rapid

74. The doctor checked the patient's history and found nothing serious.
 1) defence 2) scientific 3) organ 4) medical
75. She is such a famous writer that her books have been into ۲۴ languages.
 1) collected 2) narrated 3) related 4) translated
76. If you're planning a trip to the museum, be sure to at least an hour and a half.
 1) give up 2) put aside 3) pass away 4) cut down
77. Muslims believe that there is life beyond the
 1) science 2) state 3) grave 4) cradle
78. the way they had behaved towards their younger brother, the boys decided to be as kind to him as they could from that time on. (اسلامی سوال - ۹۶)
 1) Surprised by 2) Ashamed of 3) Confused by 4) Interested in
79. As the man is lazy and has no of responsibility, he does not work to make money for his family. (اسلامی سوال - ۹۶)
 1) basis 2) habit 3) sense 4) amount
80. To save your life, in times of emergency, you should action as quickly as you can. (اسلامی سوال - ۹۶)
 1) make 2) put 3) take 4) hold
81. Some people believe that if we try to our feelings openly, it can enhance our health. (اسلامی سوال - ۹۵ یا ۹۵)
 1) express 2) observe 3) relate 4) state
82. It seemed to happen all of a; I felt terrible and asked to be taken to hospital. (اسلامی سوال - ۹۵ یا ۹۵)
 1) sense 2) sudden 3) vision 4) value
83. The success of the depends on our controlling the conditions carefully. (اسلامی سوال - ۹۲ یا ۹۲)
 1) translation 2) publication 3) experiment 4) statement
84. Doctors that the disease only occurs in women over ۵۰. (اسلامی سوال - ۸۹ یا ۸۹)
 1) developed 2) researched 3) observed 4) examined
85. I a useful experience from doing that job for years. (اسلامی سوال - ۹۲ یا ۹۲)
 1) defined 2) carried 3) described 4) gained
86. I have never had a good for learning poems. (اسلامی سوال - ۸۸ یا ۸۸)
 1) situation 2) belief 3) memory 4) knowledge
87. So far we haven't been able to find much about this metal, but we are still on it. (اسلامی سوال - ۸۷ یا ۸۷)
 1) emphasizing 2) identifying 3) researching 4) inventing



88. We are against the presence of America in that country. (امراسری نجریم - ۸۶ یا نفیر)
1) successfully 2) strongly 3) patiently 4) emotionally

89. I would like to my thanks for your kindness. (امراسری غارخ از کسور - ۸۶ یا نفیر)
1) value 2) express 3) attend 4) recite

90. Have you got a certificate to show that you completed the course? (امراسری سانی - ۸۵ یا نفیر)
1) continuously 2) emphatically 3) successfully 4) medically

Cloze Test

1

There are great stories about scientists and their lives. One such a story is about Thomas Edison. ...91... a young boy, Edison was very ...92... science. He was very energetic and always asked questions. ...93..., young Edison lost his hearing at the age of 12. He did not ...94... school and learned science by reading books in the library ...95... .

- 91. 1) Like 2) While 3) When 4) As
- 92. 1) interested in 2) skilled in 3) observable at 4) bored with
- 93. 1) Commonly 2) Completely 3) Specially 4) Sadly
- 94. 1) narrate 2) attend 3) consider 4) introduce
- 95. 1) themselves 2) oneself 3) itself 4) himself

2

The earliest known date for the use of papyrus is 2300 B.C. Much later, in 105 A.D. the Chinese discovered how to ...96... paper. It was certainly one of the most ...97... inventions in history. Because of this fact, they guarded it more ...98... than anything else in the whole world. But this secret was also ...99... later on. Other nations learned how to make paper and could ...100... its quality. That's why we have very good paper nowadays.