

What words or images come to mind? Describe the architecture you see—what materials or designs stand out? (Stone columns, reliefs, terraces.)

How does Pasargadae's design differ from Persepolis? Pasargadae is simpler, older; Cyrus the Great's tomb.



They are two of the oldest structures on the planet. They date back to 2,500 years ago.





They are both listed in UNESCO World Heritage Sites.





One of the most famous historical sites of Iran is definitely Persepolis.

Persepolis was constructed by the Persian king of kings Darius I Achaemenid. It was a center for a lot of celebrations and festivals. There are seven palaces in Persepolis and more than 3000 reliefs, including the relief of Farvahar, soldiers and lions.

Pasargadae was the capital of ancient Persia. It was founded by Cyrus the Great.





Cyrus the Great

He was one of the greatest Iranian emperors. His empire included the modern Iran, Iraq, Afghanistan, Uzbekistan, Tajikistan, Armenia, Kuwait, Syria, Turkey, Georgia, Azerbaijan, and parts of Egypt.

Unscramble the words to make a sentence.





One of the most famous historical sites of Iran is definitely Persepolis.



Darius I built the greatest palace at Persepolis on the western side of platform. This palace was called the Apadana.



Who constructed Persepolis?

- A) Cyrus the Great
- B) Xerxes I
- C) Darius I Achaemenid
- D) Artaxerxes I



reliefs

There are more than 3000 reliefs in Persepolis.

lion

Farvahar



soldier





There are seven palaces in Perspolis.



The largest and most magnificent building in Persepolis is the Apadana. Darius started building it and Xerxes finished it. It took 30 years to complete.





Magnificent: Something that is very beautiful, impressive, or grand in appearance or quality.

tall Pillars





Darius I built the greatest palace at Persepolis on the western side of platform. This palace was called the Apadana.



Pasargadae

Pasargadae was the capital of ancient Persia.



It was founded by Cyrus the Great.







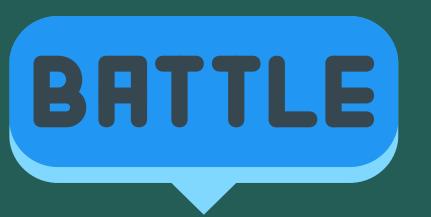
True or false?

Darius I Achaemenid constructed Persepolis.
Pasargadae was founded by Cyrus the Great.
Darius started building Apadana and Xerxes finished it.
There are seventeen palaces in Persepolis.
There are 3000 reliefs in Persepolis.
Pasargadae was the capital of ancient Persia.







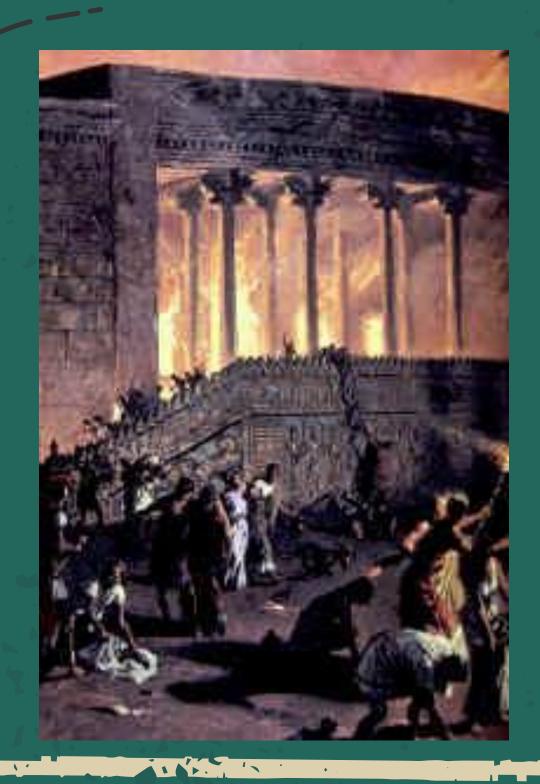


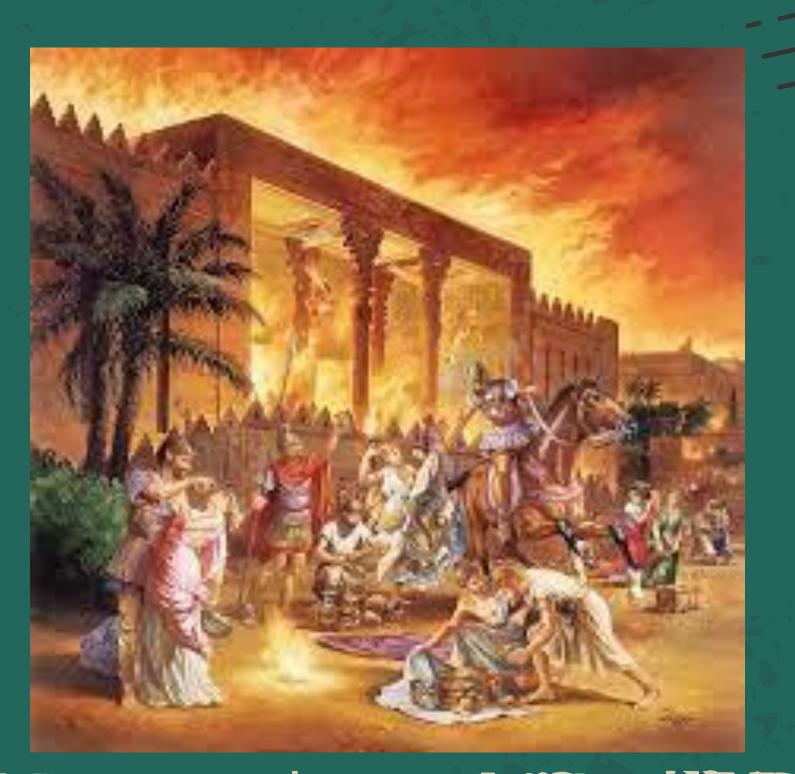
Darius III
Achaemenid King of Kings of
Persia

Alexander the
Great
king of Macedonia



After a battle between Darius III and Alexandar of Macedon, the army of Alexandar took the Persepolis and set it on fire. Sadly, the fire burnt and damaged a lot of the valuable parts of the palaces.







21st Century Schools



Which of these is a tall building?

A) bridge

C) tower

B) tunnel

D) road



How high is Azadi Tower?

A) 55 meteres

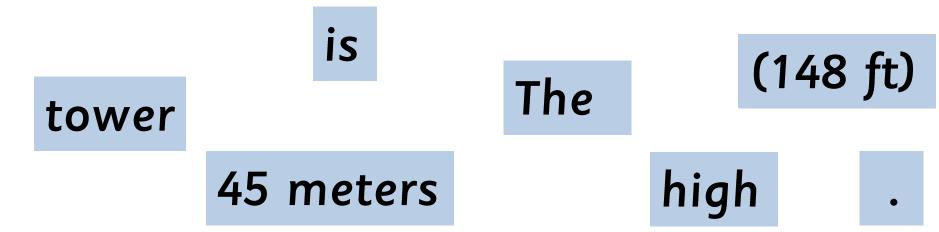
C) 65 meteres

B) 45 meters

D) 35 meters

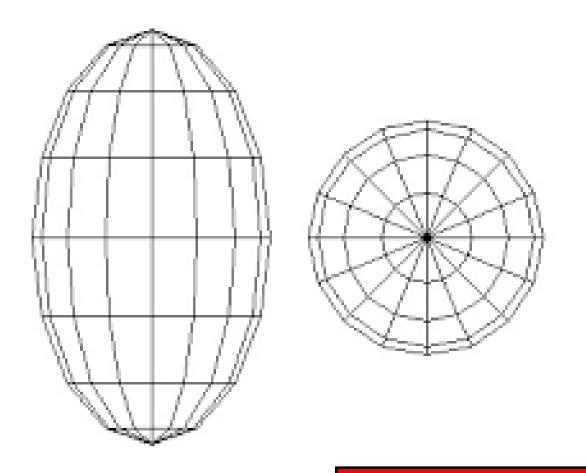


Unscramble the words to make the sentence.



The tower is 45 meters (148 ft) high.

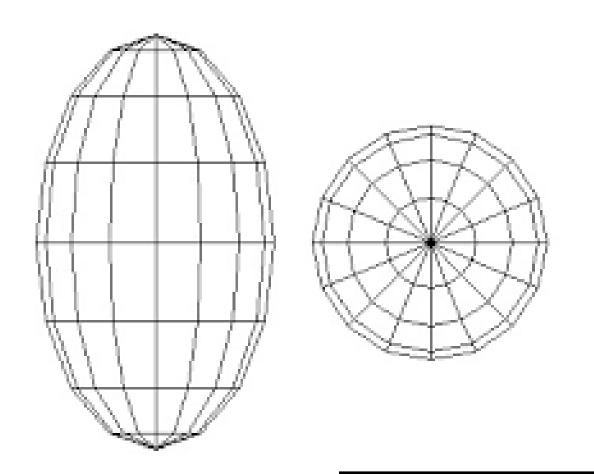




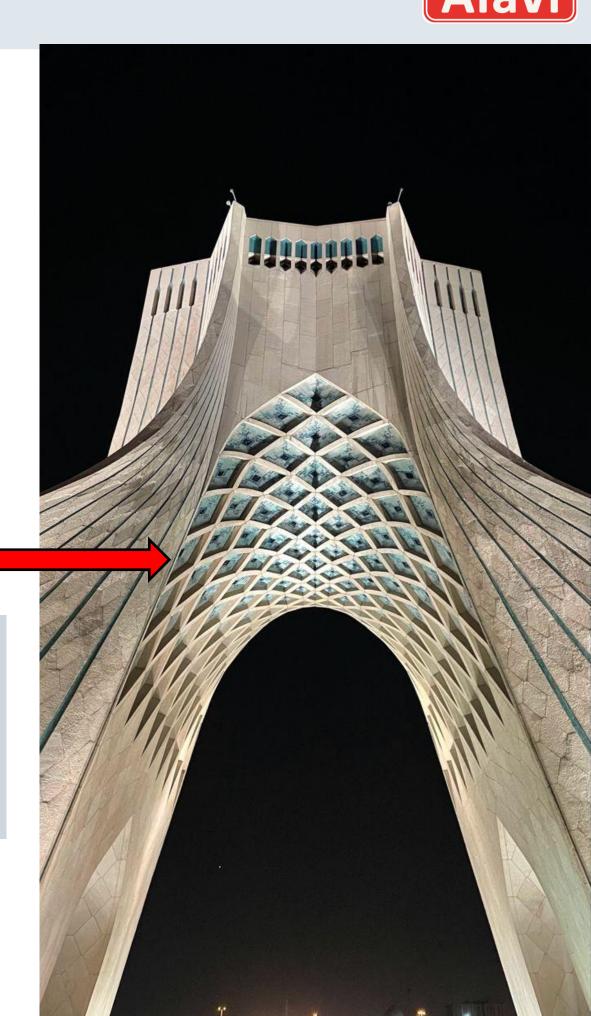
Oval dome







There is an oval shaped dome, similar to Isfahan Sheikh Lotfollah Mosque, which is only visible from the inside.





Shahyad Tower

Azadi Tower

Darvaze ye Kurosh

The tower was originally named ?
, then it was called ?
.
Later, it was changed to ?
, which means the Tower of Freedom.



True or false?

There is a museum and a restaurant underneath the tower at the basement level.

The tower is 65 meters high.

The tower was originally named Darvaze ye Kurosh.

Azadi Tower is now one of the most important symbols of Tehran.

Azadi Tower

In 1966, 24-year-old architecture student Hossein Amanat won a competition to design a building to celebrate to the 2,500th anniversary of the Persian Empire. It is now one of the most important symbols of Tehran. If you take the stairs or elevator to the top, you can see several hexagonal windows set around the upper level which give an amazing view of Tehran.



- The tower was originally named Darvaze ye Kurosh (the Gate of Cyrus), then it was called Shahyad Tower. Later, it was changed to Azadi Tower, which means the Tower of Freedom.
- There is a museum and a concert hall underneath the tower at the basement level.
- The tower is 45 meters (148 ft) high.
- Azadi tower is a combination of traditional and modern architecture, for example:
- The four bases are similar to the pillars from the Achaemenid era.
- The large arch of the tower is a symbol of Kasra arch (Taq Kasra), an ancient Persian building of the Sassanid era.
- There is an oval shaped dome, similar to Isfahan Sheikh Lotfollah Mosque, which is only visible from the inside.
- The upper body of the tower is like Iranian Badgirs.



There is a museum and a concert hall underneath the tower at the basement level.