



Above.



Below.



OPPOSITES

above



below



Far

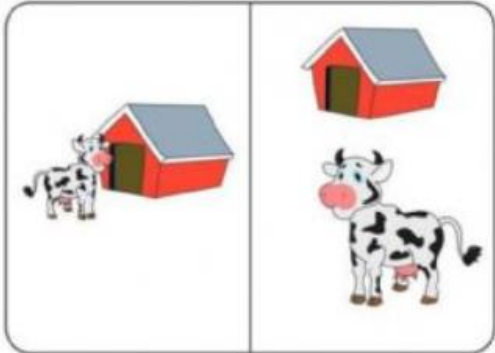


Near

Near and Far

Look at the picture and select the correct word

1)



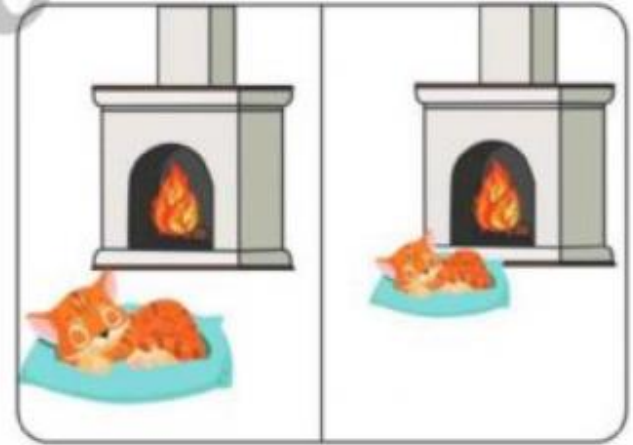
2)









3)



4)

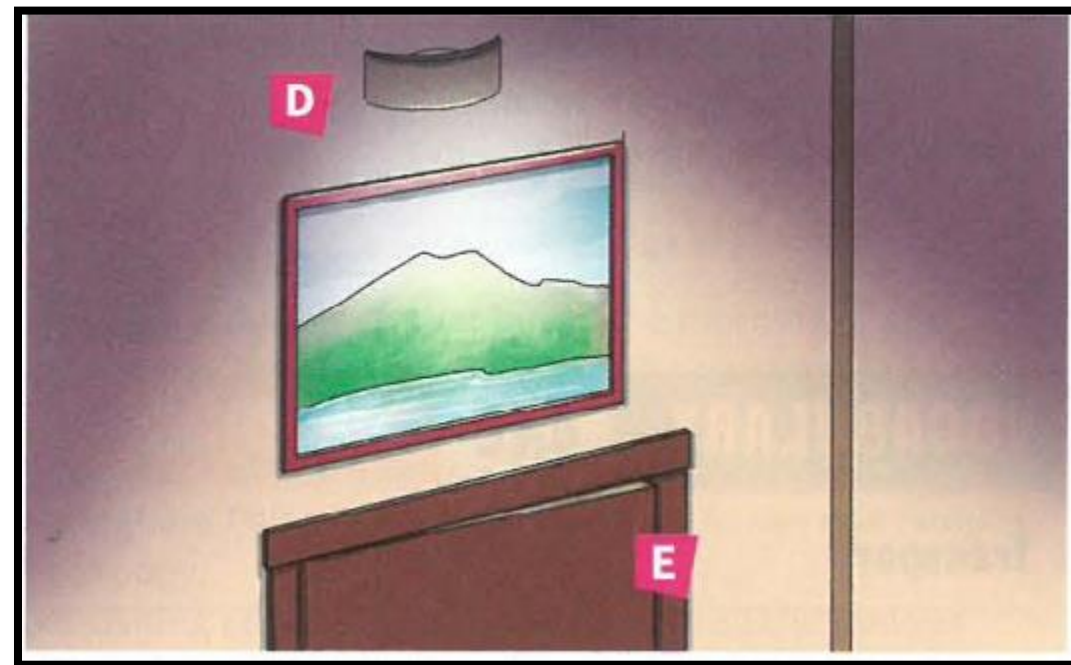
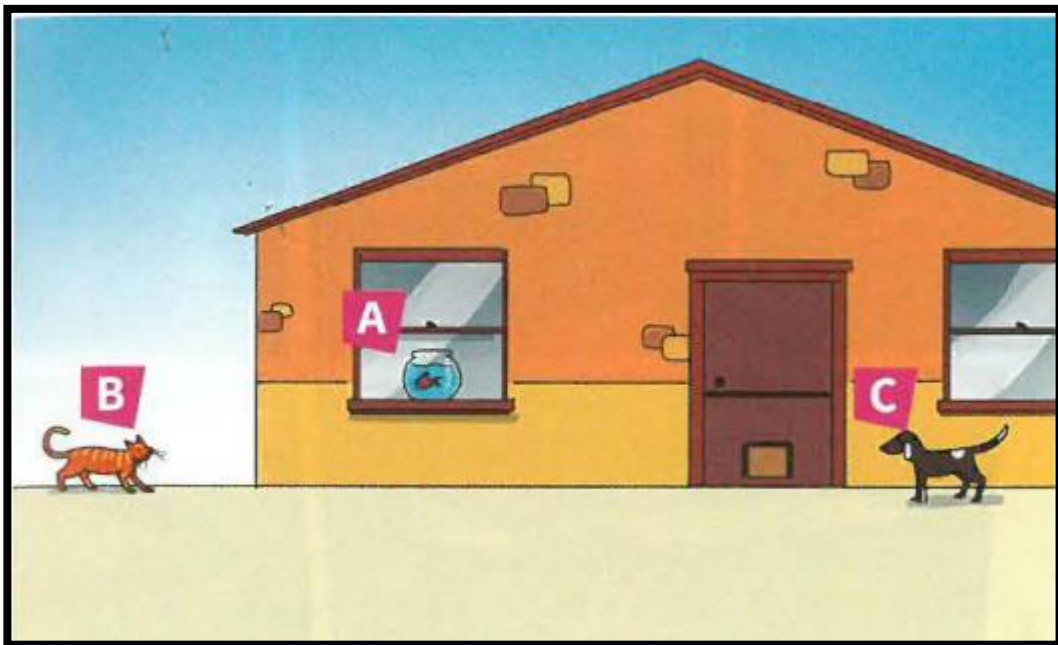


| | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
|  | |  | |
| above | below | above | below |
|  | |  | |
| inside | outside | inside | outside |
|  | |  | |
| behind | next to | on top of | under |



Prepositions of Place





1 Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with the prepositions *above*, *below*, *inside*, *near*, *outside*.

A The pet fish is _____ the house.

B The cat is _____ the house.

C The dog is _____ the door.

D The light is _____ the picture.

E The door is _____ the picture.

Answers

A inside B outside C near D above E below

- 2 Look at the picture. Complete the sentences with the prepositions in Exercise 1.



- 0 The supermarket is near Jack's flat.
- 1 Jack's flat is _____ the restaurant.
- 2 Jack is _____ his flat.
- 3 The supermarket is _____ the café.
- 4 There's a car _____ the supermarket. It's not in the supermarket!
- 5 The café is _____ the supermarket.

Answers

1 above 2 inside 3 below 4 outside 5 above

3 Write questions. Then ask and answer with your partner.

0 What / is / that box / ? (inside)

A: *What is inside that box?*

B: *A sandwich is inside it.*

1 What / is / the window / ? (outside)

2 What / have / you / got / on / the wall /
your bed / ? (above)

3 Is / there / a cinema / your house / ? (near)

4 Are / there / any exercises / this one / ? (below)

Answers

1 What is outside the window?


2 What have you got on the wall above your bed?

3 Is there a cinema near your house?

4 Are there any exercises below this one?



TALKING POINTS

 **10** Watch the video. Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

What's your favourite place?

Why do you like it there?

What's your favourite thing to do there?

1

Use a word map to make some notes about you.

Where do you live?

What can you do there?

Do you like it? Why? / Why not?

Ask and answer the questions with your partner.

Remember to use adjectives from the Vocabulary and Reading exercises, and prepositions from Grammar Exercise 1.

I live in Málaga. I meet my friends near the sea. It's near the school. I go every day. I like it there. We can swim, walk or talk, and it isn't expensive.

Now let's play a game

www.Games4eSL.com

Hello





ABOUT YOU

In pairs, ask and answer the questions.

How do you get to school?

Do you walk with your friends?

Types of Transport



Car



Taxi



Train



Bike



Tram



Bus



Double-decker bus





Airplane



Helicopter

Underground



Ship



vs.

Boat



Coach



Match the words in the box to the photos A-J.

bike boat bus car coach plane
taxi train tram Underground



bike
taxi

boat
train

bus
tram

car
Underground

coach

plane

2 Match the transport words in Exercise 1 to the sentences.

- 1 This can take a lot of people from one place to another. It travels on the ground but not on roads.
- 2 This travels on roads in cities. A lot of people travel on this at the same time.
- 3 This is in many big cities. It travels on and under the ground.
- 4 This carries people in the air.
- 5 This has two wheels and travels on and off roads.
- 6 This often takes about four people. The passengers pay the driver.
- 7 This carries people on water.
- 8 This takes people from one city to another. It travels on roads.
- 9 This carries people in big cities. It travels on the ground but not on roads.
- 10 This can carry one or more people on the roads. No one pays the driver.

Read the text about transport in London. Complete the sentences with the words from Exercise 1. Use each word once.



GETTING AROUND LONDON

- 1 The first thing you need when you get there is a contactless card. You can use the card to pay for journeys on buses, boats and the Underground in London.
- 2 Everyone knows the London ³ or Tube. You never need to walk very far because there are 11 lines and over 200 Underground stations. Get a Tube map and plan your journey.
- 3 Travel on a red, double-decker London ⁴. They're great because they have two floors and you can see famous buildings from the top floor.
- 4 You can travel by ⁵, too. There are five short journeys on the River Thames.



- 5 Some people want to get on a ⁶. They can go to south London. They are modern, fast and very quiet and carry a lot of people around that part of London.
- 6 It's possible to drive your ⁷ in London, but it's very easy to use public transport.
- 7 There are other ways to travel around London. You can get a ⁸ on the street. Drivers know every part of London, but this transport can be expensive. People with more time can rent a ⁹. It's healthy and there are places to ride with no cars. A great one is by the side of the River Thames and lots of people go there.
- 8 Do you want to travel outside London? Then get a ¹⁰ or a ¹¹ or a ¹². Information centres can tell you which station or airport is best for you.



Read the text again. Are the sentences right (✓) or wrong (X)?

- 1** You can use a contactless card to pay on river boats.
- 2** There are under 200 Tube stations.
- 3** Buses with two floors are called double-decker buses.
- 4** You can travel by noisy trams in London.
- 5** Taxi drivers only know the streets in the centre of London.
- 6** Cars can't use the cycle path by the River Thames.

Ask and answer with your partner.

Which kind of transport from Exercise 1 do you have in your town or city?

Which kind of transport do you usually use?

Which kind of transport do you never use?



PRONUNCIATION

Final /m/ and /n/ sounds

5 Say the words with your partner.

| | | | |
|-------|---------|--------|----------|
| film | London | museum | musician |
| plane | station | train | tram |



Listen, check and repeat.