Have you ever lost anything valuable? What did you do?

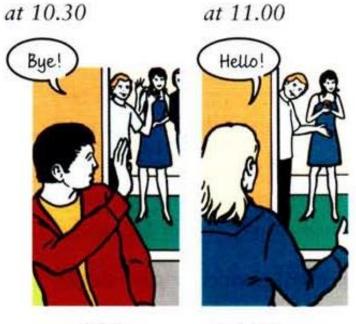


## uried treasure

In November 2013, James Howells started searching an enormous rubbish dump. He was looking for a computer hard drive which he had thrown away three months earlier. The hard drive contained 7,500 bitcoins (a virtual currency that people use online). He had bought the bitcoins for almost nothing in 2009, but by 2013 the value of a single bitcoin had risen to over \$1,000. So, the value of Howells's collection had increased to \$7.5 million.

In 2010, Howells, who works in IT, had taken his computer apart because he had spilled a drink on it. He had first kept the hard drive and had sold the other parts. When in 2013 he heard about the value of the virtual currency, it was too late. He had thrown the hard drive away! He had totally forgotten about the bitcoins. Howells never found the hard drive – and unfortunately, he hadn't saved any of his data.

Treasure = something that is very valuable Rubbish dump = a place where the rubbish or waste is left Hard drive = part of a computer that reads and stores data



PAUL

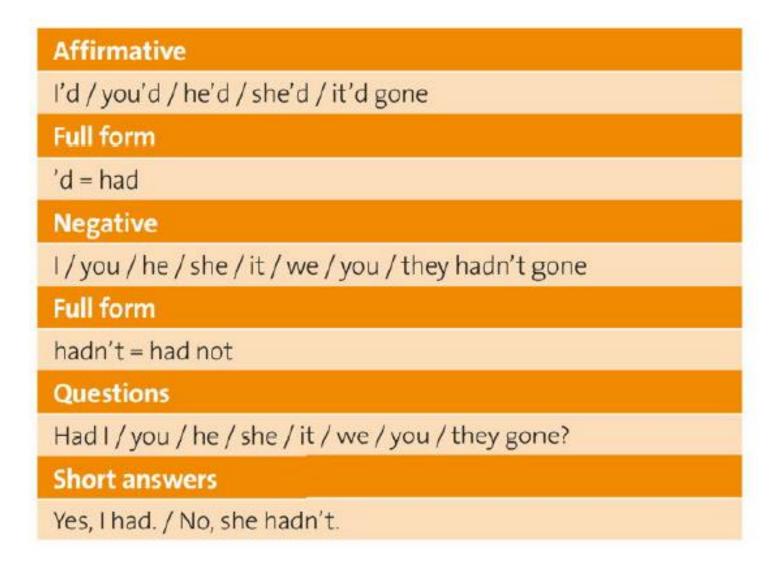
SARAH

Sarah went to a party last week. Paul went to the party too, but they didn't see each other. Paul left the party at 10.30 and Sarah arrived at 11 o'clock. So: When Sarah arrived at the party, Paul wasn't there. He had gone home.

Had gone is the past perfect (simple):

I/we/they/you he/she/it	had	(= I'd etc.) (= he'd etc.)	gone seen finished etc.
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Subj + had + P.P



## Past Perfect

First action: some thing happened in the past  $\rightarrow$  past simple Second Action: some thing happened in the past before first action  $\rightarrow$  past Perfect

Second action

First action

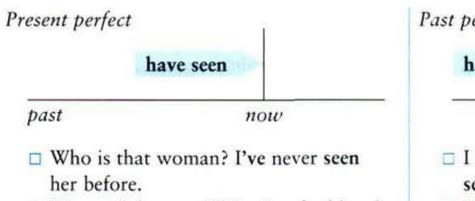
When we got home last night, we found that somebody had broken into the flat.

□ Karen didn't want to go to the cinema with us because she'd already seen the film.

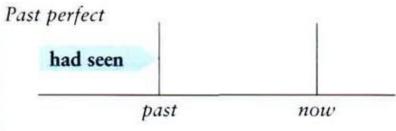
At first I thought I'd done the right thing, but I soon realised that I'd made a big mistake.

I offered Sue something to eat, but she wasn't hungry. (she / just / have / breakfast) She had just had breakfast

## Past Perfect vs. Present Perfect



- □ We aren't hungry. We've just had lunch.
- □ The house is dirty. They haven't cleaned it for weeks.



- I didn't know who she was. I'd never seen her before. (= before that time)
- □ We weren't hungry. We'd just had lunch.
- The house was dirty. They hadn't
- cleaned it for weeks.

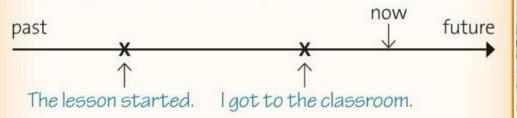
## Practice

1 'Was Paul at the party when you arrived?' 'No, he <u>had gone</u> (go) home.'
2 I felt very tired when I got home, so I <u>went</u> (go) straight to bed.
3 The house was very quiet when I got home. Everybody <u>Had gone</u> (go) to bed.
4 Sorry I'm late. The car <u>broke</u> (break) down on my way here.
5 We were driving along the road when we <u>saw</u> (see) a car which <u>Had broken</u> (break) down, so we <u>stopped</u> (stop) to help.

#### LEARN THIS! Past perfect 1 had 2 hadn't

- **a** We form the past perfect with 1\_\_\_\_\_ or 2\_\_\_\_\_ and the past participle.
- **b** We use the past perfect when we are already talking about past events and we want to talk about an even earlier event.

When I got to the classroom, the lesson had started.



c We often use the past perfect with *after* or *when*. When I got to the bus station, the bus had already left. After I'd called Maggie, I watched a film on TV.

## uried treasure

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- **3** Read rules b and c in the Learn this! box. Explain the difference in meaning between the sentences below.
  - 1 When he threw away the computer, Howells forgot about the bitcoins.
  - 2 When he threw away the computer, Howells had forgotten about the bitcoins.
    - 1 Howell threw the computer away and then forgot about the bitcoins.
    - 2 Howell had forgotten about the bitcoins before he threw the computer away.





- 4 Complete the sentences. Use the past perfect form of the verbs in brackets. Remember that *go* can have two past participles. (See Look out! box on page 64.)
  - 1 After I \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) the newsagent's, I realised I \_\_\_\_\_ (forget) to buy a paper.

  - 3 When I got to the shopping centre, most of the shops \_\_\_\_\_\_ already \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (close)
  - 4 We didn't have any bread because I \_\_\_\_\_ (not go) to the baker's.
  - 5 My sister wasn't there when I got home because she \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the cinema.
- 1 left; had forgotten 2 had ... bought 3 had ... closed 4 hadn't been 5 had gone



- **5 USE OF ENGLISH** Rewrite each pair of sentences as one sentence, using *after*.
  - 1 I bought a lottery ticket. Then I went home. After I'd bought a lottery ticket, I went home.
  - 2 I went to the cosmetics store. Then I went to the hairdresser's.
  - 3 I paid for the flowers. Then I left the shop.
  - 4 Jim did some shopping. Then he caught the bus home.
  - 5 My dad left university. Then he became a teacher.
  - 6 The chemist's closed down. Then a charity shop opened in the same building.
    - 2 After I'd been to the cosmetics store, I went to the hairdresser's.
    - 3 After I'd paid for the flowers, I left the shop.
    - 4 After Jim had done some shopping, he caught the bus home.
    - 5 After my dad had left university, he became a teacher.
    - 6 After the chemist's had closed down, a charity shop opened in the same building.

6 Complete the text with the phrases below. Use the past perfect.

buy his ticket not check the numbers lose lose his ticket win the lottery take the lottery company

When Martyn Tott learned that he <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_, he was, of course, delighted. He <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ months earlier at his local newsagent's. He <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the time, but he knew he was the winner because he always chose the same six numbers. But there was a problem. He <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_! Martyn Tott's computer records proved that he was the winner, but the lottery company refused to pay him without a ticket. Two years later, he was almost penniless. He <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ to court, but <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ the battle. He said he wished he had never played the lottery!



had won the lottery
 had bought his ticket
 hadn't checked the numbers
 had lost his ticket
 had taken the lottery company
 had lost

➤ Grammar Builder 7D page 136



# 6 Complete the sentences with the past perfect form of the verbs in brackets. >> 7.4, 7.5

- 1 I didn't have any chocolate because my sister (eat) it.
- 3 I didn't recognise my cousin. He \_\_\_\_\_ (grow) a beard.
- 4 We couldn't get home because we \_\_\_\_\_ (miss) the last bus.
- 5 After I \_\_\_\_\_ (write) the answer, I realised I (make) a mistake.
- 6 I didn't watch the programme because I \_\_\_\_\_\_ (see) it before.

1 had eaten 2 had forgotten 3 had grown 4 had missed 5 had written; had made 6 had seen

## 7D Past perfect

- 7 Complete the sentences. Use the past simple or past perfect form of the verbs in brackets. >> 7.4, 7.5
  - 1 I \_\_\_\_\_ (can't) remember where I \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) my keys.
  - 2 Last Saturday, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ (eat) at a Japanese restaurant. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ (ne\1 couldn't; had left 2 ate; had never eaten 3 found; had lost 4 met; had been born 5 didn't play; had hurt 6 was; had rained
  - 3 I \_\_\_\_\_ (find) a £10 note that I \_\_\_\_\_ (lose) last year.
  - 4 Last weekend I \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) a girl who (be born) in the same hospital as me.
  - 5 I \_\_\_\_\_ (not play) volleyball because I \_\_\_\_\_ (hurt) my hand.
  - 6 The pavement \_\_\_\_\_ (be) wet because it

\_\_\_\_\_ (rain).

► Grammar Builder 7D page 136

couldn't; had left
 ate; had never eaten
 found; had lost
 met; had been born
 didn't play; had hurt
 was; had rained

## 7D Past perfect

- 8 Rewrite each pair of sentences as one sentence using the past simple and the past perfect. Start with the word given.
   >> 7.4, 7.5
  - 1 I had dinner. I watched TV. After I'd had dinner, I watched TV.
  - 2 We bought a newspaper. We had a coffee. After
  - 3 We played tennis. We went home. After
  - 4 I went to sleep. My cousin phoned. When
  - 5 Messi scored two goals. We arrived at the match. When
  - 6 The children did the housework. Their mother got home. When \_\_\_\_\_

- 2 After we'd bought a newspaper, we had a coffee.
- 3 After we'd played tennis, we went home.
- 4 When my cousin phoned, I'd gone to sleep.
- 5 When we arrived at the match, Messi had scored two goals.
- 6 When their mother got home, the children had done the housework.

## ► Grammar Builder 7D page 136

- 7 Read the sentences below. Then think of explanations for the situation or event using the past perfect. What had happened?
  - 1 A man was holding a lottery ticket and smiling.
  - 2 The car drove onto the pavement and hit a lamp post.
  - 3 A cleaner found a wallet under the seats in the cinema.
  - 4 A security guard stopped a woman outside the department store.
  - 5 The boy opened the envelope, read the letter and started to dance around.



