انگلیسی (یازدهم) آزمون درس اول مدت أمتحان ١٠٠ دقيقه **Khuzestan English Language Teachers Association** A:Vocabulary ۱-کلمه ناهماهنگ را پیدا کنید و زیر آن خط بکشید.(۱ نمره) 1. Weak / powerful / strong 2. Simple / hard / easy 3. Small / tiny / big 4. Fortunately / really / luckily <u>۲</u>-با استفاده از کلمات داده شده جمله های زیر را کامل کنید.(یک کلمه اضافی است.)(۲ نمره) early-despite - besides- native- range 5. Zahra speaks two languages -----English. 6. I got up-----this morning. 7. Dictionary prices -----from \$5 to \$15. 8. I enjoy the weekend, -----the bad weather. ۳- با توجه به تصاویر جاهای خالی را کامل کنید. (۱ نمره) 9. Deaf people use -----language to communicate. 10. North of Iran is one of the best farming-----. 11. Human's -----makes it different from animals. 12. Asia is the largest -----of the world. ۴-جمله های زیر را با نوشتن کلمات مناسب کامل کنید. (۵/۰نمره) 13. Persian is my mother -----. 14. Ten is ten -----of one hundred. ۵-گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید. (انمره) 15. Does water really----- on Mars? b. exist d. exchange a. vary c. make up 16. Rice is the most-----food in Iran. a. fast b. powerful c. harmful d. popular 17. ----you can eat whatever you like? a. exist b. vary c. imagine d. exchange 18. We express our thoughts -----languages. a. despite b. by means of d. instead c. native ۶–معنای هر علامت را یافته و زیر آن بنویسید.(۱ نمره) 20. ----- 21. ----a. There is a parking lot around.

b. You must turn off your mobile here.	
c. You are near a bus station.	
d. Don't walk on the grass.	
d. Bon t want on the grass.	
ویسید. (۱۱ نمره)	۷-زبان هر کشور را روبروی کشور مربوطه بن
23. China: 24. Germany	/:
25. England: 26. Iran:	
E وصل کنید. (یک کلمه اضافی است.) (۰/۵ نمره)	۸-تعریف های ستون A را به کلمات ستون B
A	В
27. a large group of people who live together	despite
28. without taking any notice of	ability
	society
B: Grammar	
	۹-گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید.(۱ نمره)
29. There arenotebooks on the o	desk.
a. a little b. much c. a few	d. any
30. How many glasses do you see on the table?	Just
a. a little b. one c. any	d. much
31. How much milk does he drink? He drinks	
a. many b. a few c. a lot of	d. a lot
32. How many eggs are there in the fridge? Then	
a. a few b. a little c. much	d. a few
ا یید و در جاهای خالی بنویسید.(۱ نمره)	۱۰-گزینه صحیح را از داخل پرانتز انتخاب نم
33. There is a (slice / loaf) of cheese in the plate	.
34. Amin is drinking (a bottle of / a loaf of) wat	er.
ل بنویسید.(۲ نمره)	۱۱-با هر گروه از کلمات زیر یک جمله ی کاما
35. women / are / in the picture / how many / the	ere / ?
36. in the kitchen / helps / Maryam / his mother	
	 .
C: Writing	
م د د آه خط کشید (۱ نوره)	۱۲ – در جملات زیر فعل و مفعول را پیدا کرده
	۱۱- در جسرت ريز حق و سمون را پيدا عرف
37. I clean my bedroom every week.	
38. My father never drinks coffee in the evening	7
50. Trry radict fiever driffics correct in the evening	5.

۱۳-در جملات زیر اشکالات نگارشی وجود دارد آنها را پیدا کرده و به صورت صحیح بازنویسی کنید.(۱ نمره)

- 39. How much languages are there in the world?
- 40. My father bought a loaf of rice yesterday.

۱۴-هر جمله را با استفاده از دانش گرامری خود کامل کنید.(۱)

- 41. How----- boys are there in that room?
- **42**. I like to drink a ----- tea.
- 43. There is a ----- of cake on the plate.
- 44. How----is a kilo of meat? It's ten dollars.

۱۵ – با توجه به تصویر به سوال زیر پاسخ دهید. (۱ نمره)



45. How much butter does she eat for breakfast? (a little)

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D: Pronunciation

18-كدام كلمه از نظر فشار صوت (استرس) با سه كلمه ديگر متفاوت است.(۵/. نمره)

- 46. a. seventy b. sixteen c. seventeen 47. a. ninety b. fourteen c. forty
- **E:** Conversation

۱۷–پاسخ صحیح سوالات قسمت A را از بین جواب های ستون B انتخاب کنید. (یک پاسخ اضافی است.) A نمره)

<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>
48.Thank you	a. I began learning English at school when I
	was thirteen.
49. What languages do you know?	b. I know both of them well, but I use English
	more.
50. When did you learn English?	c. You're welcome!
51. Do you master English and Spanish	d. Yes, please. I'm looking for an English
the same?	dictionary.
52. May I help you?	e. He is a translator.
53. What does Mr. Ahmadi do?	f. Besides English, I know French.
	g. It looks nice.

F: Reading

۱۸-با استفاده از کلمات داده شده، متن زیر را کامل کنید.(۲ نمره)

Valuable- respect- means- exist- language- continent-Varyimpossible

Languages ------ greatly from region to region. They are so different that a person does not understand the -------- of someone from another region, country or -------56------. So, it is not surprising to hear that today about 7000 languages ------ in the world.

All languages are really ------58-----, despite their differences. Every language is an amazing ------59------ of communication that meets the needs of its speakers. It is ------60------ to imagine the world without language. Therefore, we must ------61------ all languages, no matter how different they are and how many speakers they have.

1۹-متن زیر را خوانده و به سوالات پاسخ دهید. (۴ نمره)

There are many words in English language. It's impossible to count the number of words in a language. Have you ever thought about where English words are from? Did you know many English words come from other languages?

Many basic English words come from Old English, such as, England, house, woman, man, child, bird, water and etc. Other English words come from Latin, like, family, number, school, educate. Some English words come from French .For example hotel and menu are two French words.

Today English is an international language. Thousands of English words come from other languages. Every year hundreds of words come into English from new technology, e.g., internet, text message, e-mail and ...

English speakers have "stolen" words from other languages and added them to English. That are known as "loanwords" or "borrowings," which are derived from other languages.

The next time you hear one, tell your friends where the word originally came from!



- 62. How many words are there in English language?
- 63. Which words are called loanwords?
- 64. How do words come into English language every year?

True or **False**

- 65. It's possible to count the number of words in a language. -----
- 66. English words don't come from other languages. -----

Be healthy and happy

نمونه سئوال امتحانی درس اول پایه یازدهم طراح: حسن خاکپور

1. كلمات ناقص زير را از لحاظ املايي كامل كنيد. (1 نمره)

1. Language is a system of comuniction.	
2. Please buy three 1_a_es of bread.	
3. How many can_l_s do we need?	
4. After a long and emotional expl_n_tion they w	ere friends again.
 کلمه اضافی می باشد) (2 نمره) 	2 با استفاده از کلمات داده شده جملات زیر را کامل کنید. (یک
despite / society / region / native / make	up / range / access / ability / popular
1. It's the good weather that makes Iran such a	tourist destination.
2. People now can information from the inter	rnet as never before.
3. Could you a list of what we need at the sup	permarket?
4. Those who clean the streets have a great role in ou	r
5. If he studies harder, he has the to pass his	exams.
6. Her language is French, but she speaks Sp	anish.
7. Do you know the best farming of our coun	ntry?
8. They decided to go out the bad weather.	
(3. جملات زیر را با نوشتن کلمه ی مناسب کامل کنید. (1 نمره)
1. She cannot hear. You must try to explain by m	of sign language.
2. Eighteen p of the world's population l	ive in China.
3. It is impossible to i the world without	language.
4. Our school m the needs of all students.	
	4. كدام گزينه با ساير گزينه ها متفاوت است؟ (1 نمره)
1. lots of / many / a lot of / a little	2. Italy / England / Africa / Germany
3. piece / cup / glass / bottle	4. juice / rice / coffee / milk
	5. هر تعریف را با کلمه ی مرتبط به آن وصل کنید. (1 نمره)

1. A person who comes from another country:	a. specific
2. Relating to one thing and not others:	b. vary
3. A large group of people who live together:	c. foreigner
4 To be different from each other:	d society

1	(1 نمر ہ)	کنید	ا انتخاب	ىنەر	ىن گ	ىمت	í
ı	ו באקנו	,	ر رسمب	یت- ر	یں حر	. بهر	ι.

1. In some p	arts of A	sia and A	Africa.	milk is	not a	drink.
1. III bollie p	cares or r	ioia aira i	minut,	1111111	1100 4	. GIIIII.

a. loaf	b. native	c. popular	d. countable
2 Does life	on other planets.		
2. Does me	on other planets.		
a. explain	b. range	c. exchange	d. exist
2 411.1		41	

3. All languages are really valuable, their differences.

b. through

4. I'm worried about my daughter's physical and development.	
--	--

c. therefore

a. specific b. interest	c. mental	d. cultural
-------------------------	-----------	-------------

d. by means

1. There are too cars on the road. More people should use public transport.

a. little b. much	c. some	d. many
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2. A: Would you like some cheese? B: Yes please but not too

a. many	b. much	c. many cheese	d. much cheese

3. How is there in the kitchen?

a. despite

a. many bread b. many breads c. much bread d. much breads

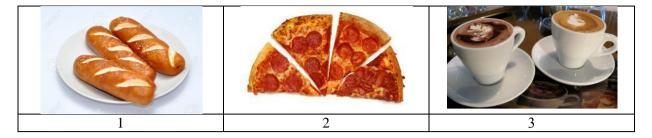
4. Ali has so friends that I couldn't invite them all.

a. many	b. much	c. little	d. few		

- 1. students / there / the / in / many / are / class / how?
- 2. should / milk / day / a lot of / every / drink / children.

- 1. They study English at school every day.
- 2. My father can speak English fluently.
- 3. Last night, my sister made cookies at home.
- 4. My cousin started his new job last week.

10. با توجه به تصاویر و كلمات داخل پرانتز جملات زیر را كامل كنید. (1.5 نمره)



- 1. I eat three for breakfast. (loaf)
- 2. My little brother ate four last night. (slice)
- 3. My father drank two this morning. (cup)

- 1. Sometimes the prices in the local shop are (many / much) better than the supermarket's prices.
- 2. I'm really hungry now. I didn't have (a lot of / a lot) for breakfast.
- 3. There are 35 children in each class. It's too (many / much).
- 4. I went shopping and spent (a lot of / many) money.

- 1. There are eighteen students in our class.
- 2. A: How old is your father? B: He's fifty years old.

A continent is a large area of the land on Earth that is 1() together. In general it is agreed there are seven 2() in the world: Africa, Antarctica, Asia, Europe, North America, Australia or Oceania, and South America. Some sources say that Australia is one of the 3() continents. Others say that Australia is part of Oceania. Oceania is a 4() which includes Australia, New Zealand and the Pacific Islands. North America and South America are often 5() as "the Americans". This has the advantage of including Central America and the Caribbean islands. Otherwise, Central America is counted as 6() of North America.

1	a. appeared	b. imagined	c. joined	d. scanned
2	a. regions	b. continents	c. centuries	d. societies
3	a. five	b. six	c. seven	d. eight
4	a. part	b. country	c. institute	d. region
5	a. described	b. escaped	c. matched	d. suggested
6	a. part	b. candle	c. point	d. percent

A sign language is a way of communicating by using the hands and other parts of the body. Sign languages are an important way for deaf people to communicate. Deaf people often use them instead of spoken languages. Spoken languages use sounds from the mouth and are understood with the ears. Sign languages use hands and are understood with the eyes. Deaf people can use sign languages more easily than spoken languages. Deaf people sometimes learn a sign language from their family, especially if their parents are deaf. But, most deaf children have hearing parents, so they learn a sign language from other deaf people. They may meet other deaf people at school or in the streets. Hearing people may learn to sign directly from deaf people. Or, they may learn a sign language by going to signing classes or by studying a sign language workbook, which can come with an interactive DVD.

- 1. Hearing people cannot learn a sign language. (true or false)
- 2. Sign languages are not important for deaf people. (true or false)
- 3. Hearing people can use spoken languages more easily than sign languages. (true or false)
- 4. Sign languages use hands and other parts of the body. (true or false)
- 5. Which group of people often use sign languages?
- 6. How do deaf people learn a sign language?