





# The Tourism Industry



People travel for many different reasons. Some people have to travel because of their jobs while others travel to have fun. When people travel for pleasure, they are called tourists. Tourism is the business of helping and supporting tourists.

People usually travel for pleasure when they have a vacation. They go to different cities in order to:

1. visit their family and friends
2. relax and freshen up
3. visit the landmarks
4. learn about different cultures
5. try new things for example to taste new cuisines
6. observe different lifestyles.

-  Transport; such as airlines, railways, boats, and road transport.
-  Places to stay; such as hotels, camping grounds or parks, youth hostels, and bed and breakfasts.
-  Food and drink; such as restaurants, cafes and bars.
-  Mass tourism means travel by groups on tours. Mass tourism can reduce costs for people who want to travel.

# Si-o-se-pol Bridge

There are 11 bridges over the Zayanderud. The largest one is the **Allahverdi Brdige**, also known as Si-o-se-pol. Allahverdi Khan was the name of the man who supervised the process of constructing the bridge.

Si-o-se-pol was built between 1599 and 1602, during the reign of Shah Abbas. It is located right in the center of Isfahan. Its length is 297 meters and its width is 13.75 meters. In Farsi, “si-o’se” means 33, which is the number of arches of the first level of the bridge. The second level has pedestrian path where people can walk.

What's interesting about this bridge is that it only took 3 years to complete this structure.

Si-o-se-pol was built to connect the norther section of the city to the southern section. It was also used as a dam.

The picture of the bridge reflections in the river at night attracts lots of tourists to Iran.







One of the most famous historical sites of Iran is definitely Persepolis.

Persepolis was constructed by the Persian king of kings Darius I Achaemenid. It was a center for a lot of celebrations and festivals. There are seven palaces in Persepolis and more than 3000 reliefs, including the relief of Farvahar, soldiers and lions.

Pasargadae was the capital of ancient Persia. It was founded by Cyrus the Great.



-  They are both listed in UNESCO World Heritage Sites.
-  They are two of the oldest structures on the planet. They date back to 2,500 years ago.
-  Persepolis is a Greek name. It means “the city of the Persians.”
-  The largest and most magnificent building in Persepolis is the Apadana. Darius started building it and Xerxes finished it. It took 30 years to complete.

There were 72 pillars in Apadana palace but sadly these days only 14 of them are left.

Darius I built the greatest palace at Persepolis on the western side of platform. This palace was called the Apadana.

Pasargadae's most magnificent building is the tomb of Cyrus the Great. He was one the greatest Iranian emperors. His

Sadly, Cyrus Cylinder was taken away and is now kept at the British museum.

After a battle between Darius III and Alexander of Macedon, the army of Alexander took the Persepolis and set it on fire. Sadly, the fire burnt and damaged a lot of the valuable parts of the palaces.