

Vocabulary and grammar

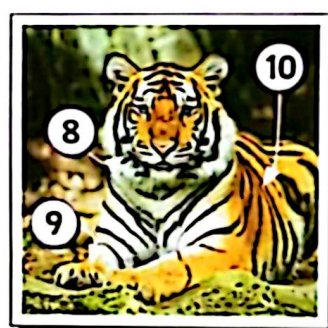
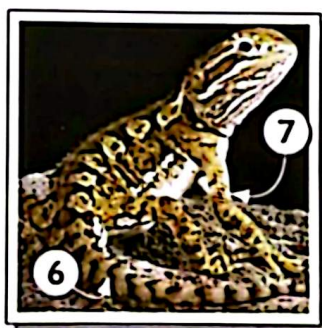
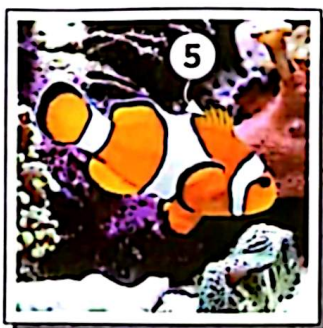
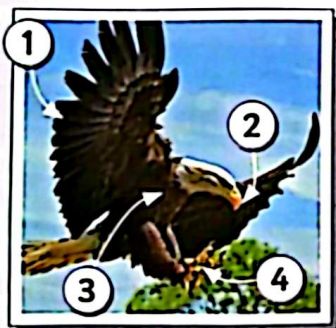
PROGRESS CHECK

30 Listen and match. Which animals are the people describing?



31 Look and say the animal body parts.

scales fin claws tail feathers
wings fur beak paws whiskers



32 Read and choose.

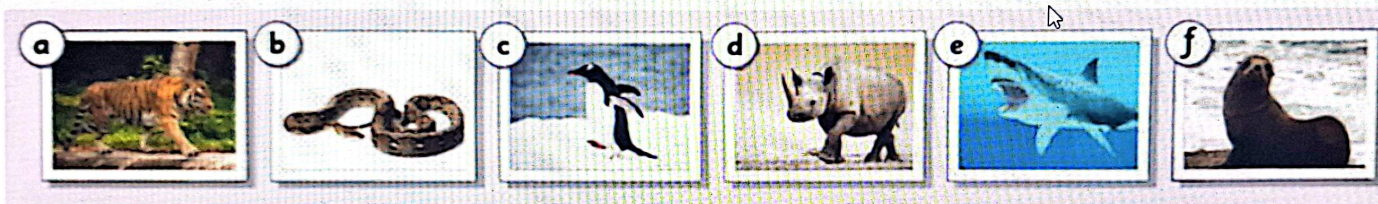
- 1 A rhino is heavier / lighter / smaller than a penguin.
- 2 A lizard is taller / shorter / longer than a snake.
- 3 A giraffe is more dangerous / taller / bigger than an elephant.
- 4 A cheetah is the slowest / fastest / heaviest animal.
- 5 An elephant is the heaviest / smallest / most dangerous animal.
- 6 A snake is the shortest / lightest / longest animal.

Phonics and spelling (long and short vowels)

33 Listen and repeat. Which word do you hear? Has it got a long or a short vowel sound?

- | | | |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1 fine / fin | 2 Sam / same | 3 hat / hate |
| 4 Tim / time | 5 note / not | 6 snack / snake |
| 7 seal / sell | 8 tail / till | 9 ring / rhino |

Listen and match. Which animals are the people describing?

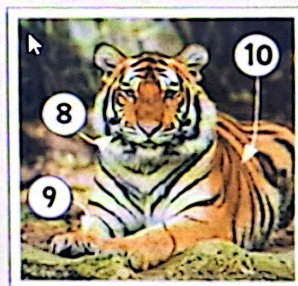
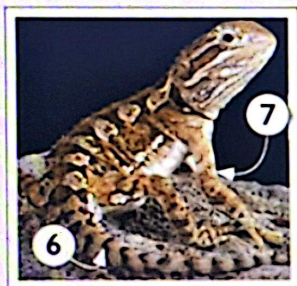
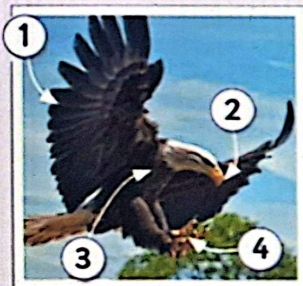


KEY

1 c, 2 a, 3 f, 4 b, 5 d, 6 e

Look and say the animal body parts.

scales fin claws tail feathers
wings fur beak paws whiskers



KEY

1 wing, 2 beak, 3 feathers, 4 claws, 5 fin, 6 tail,
7 scales, 8 whiskers, 9 paws, 10 fur




Read and choose.

- 1 A rhino is heavier / lighter / smaller than a penguin.
- 2 A lizard is taller / shorter / longer than a snake.
- 3 A giraffe is more dangerous / taller / bigger than an elephant.
- 4 A cheetah is the slowest / fastest / heaviest animal.
- 5 An elephant is the heaviest / smallest / most dangerous animal.
- 6 A snake is the shortest / lightest / longest animal.

KEY

1 heavier, 2 shorter, 3 taller, 4 fastest, 5 heaviest,
6 longest

Listen and repeat. Which word do you hear? Has it got a long or a short vowel sound? 

1 **fi**ne / **fi**n

2 **sa**m / **sa**me

3 **ha**t / **ha**te

4 **ti**m / **ti**me

5 **no**te / **no**t

6 **sn**ack / **sn**ake

7 **se**al / **se**ll

8 **ta**il / **ta**ll

9 **ri**ng / **ri**no

KEY

1 fin – short

2 Sam – short

3 hate – long

4 time – long

5 not – short

6 snake – long

7 sell – short

8 tail – long

9 ring – short

Read and select the best summary of the text.

Scientists want to find out if living in a city changes an animal's brain and behaviour. Studies have had interesting results:

- Some city animals have developed bigger brains than the same animals living in the country, for example mice and squirrels. Scientists believe that this is because they have had to change to live in a new environment.
- City animals are usually bolder when they are in danger than country animals.
- City animals are also usually less aggressive when they are around humans.
- City animals don't get as stressed as country animals. Scientists believe that this is because they have had to learn how to live with all the noise in cities.

Some scientists believe that these changes could in time lead to new species of city animals, which will be different from those living in the country.



- City animals have developed into new species.
- The brains and behaviour of city animals have changed because of the city environment.
- City animals are exactly the same as country animals.

Submit Answers

Show Answers

Restart

7 Nature parks

Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

1. The brains of some have become larger than those of .
2. are not as afraid of danger as .
3. are usually more aggressive than when they see humans.
4. get less stressed than when they hear noise.
5. Scientists think that in the future may develop into new species.
6. have changed because they have had to learn to live in a new environment.

Submit Answer

Show Answer

Restart

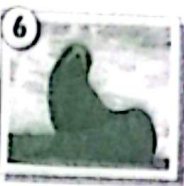
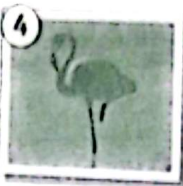
UNIT REVIEW

28 Look and write. There are four words that you do not need.

cheetah clownfish flamingo lizard penguin rhino
seal shark snake tiger



lizard



29 Unscramble and write the animal body parts.

- | | | | | | |
|------------|-------------|----------|-------|--------|-------|
| 1 lcwa | <u>claw</u> | 2 nfi | _____ | 3 ilta | _____ |
| 4 trsfaeeh | _____ | 5 gwni | _____ | 6 rfu | _____ |
| 7 hswksrei | _____ | 8 lsaces | _____ | 9 akeb | _____ |

30 Write the adjective in brackets in the correct form. Then write answers.

- Which is the oldest (old) animal in the zoo?
old / animal / in the zoo / be / the rhino The oldest animal in the zoo is the rhino.
- Is the cheetah _____ (fast) than the tiger?
yes / the cheetah / be / fast / the tiger _____
- How _____ (tall) is the giraffe?
the giraffe / be / 5 metres tall _____
- Which is _____ (heavy) animal in the world?
the African elephant / be / heavy / animal _____

31 Match.

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|---------------|
| 1 The tiger is swimming. | _____ | a did they? |
| 2 You're going to the zoo. | _____ | b isn't it? |
| 3 They didn't see the rhino. | _____ | c was it? |
| 4 The lizard wasn't eating the mouse. | _____ | d aren't you? |

I CAN

I can talk about animals and their body parts.

I can use comparatives and superlatives in sentences and questions.

I can use question tags.

