
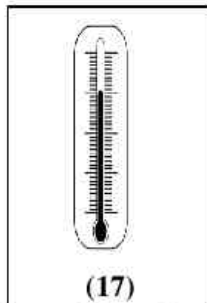

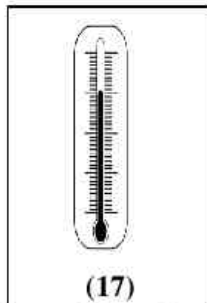

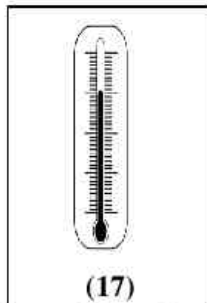


نام و نام خانوادگی:		برنام خداوند جان و خرد		نام آزمون: پایان نوبت اول							
نام درس: زبان انگلیسی ۳		علوی		زمان: ۹۰ دقیقه							
پایه تحصیلی: دوازدهم ریاضی/تجربی/انسانی		مؤسسه علمی آموزشی علوی		تاریخ برگزاری آزمون: ۱۴۰۲/۱۰/							
بارم		سوالات (زبان انگلیسی پایه دوازدهم)									
ردیف											
Part A: Listening (9 points)											
		به فایل‌های صوتی زیر گوش دهید و به سؤالات داده شده پاسخ دهید.									
		File One: Fill in the blanks with the words you hear. Dr. Asadi is answering this important question:“Why is it important to ...(1)... for our elders?” I think first of all we need to remember that they are our mothers and fathers, and our first teachers. They teach us how to love, how to care, how to ...(2)... and how to accept. Second, elders have more ...(3)... and wisdom than any one of us. They’ve come so far and they’ve learned so much, we have a ...(4)... to learn from that wisdom.									
۲ نمره											
		File Two: 5. Dr. Gharib founded the Children’s Medical Center in 1) 1316 2) 1347 3) 1288 6. He wrote the first Persian textbook about 1) children 2) children’s physicians 3) children’s diseases 7. He was very friendly to 1) poor families 2) university professors 3) other physicians 8. It’s a pity that Sara 1) didn’t know Dr Gharib 2) isn’t a university professor 3) doesn’t teach medicine									
۲ نمره											
		File Three: I) Listen and match the name of each person with the reason for Jennifer’s call.									
		<table><tr><td>9. David</td><td>a) to arrange a meeting</td></tr><tr><td>10. Kevin</td><td>b) to discuss next year’s prices</td></tr><tr><td>11. Charles</td><td>c) to ask about the contract</td></tr></table>				9. David	a) to arrange a meeting	10. Kevin	b) to discuss next year’s prices	11. Charles	c) to ask about the contract
9. David	a) to arrange a meeting										
10. Kevin	b) to discuss next year’s prices										
11. Charles	c) to ask about the contract										
		II) Try to answer these questions. 12. Who is Paul? 13. When will David send the contract? 14. Why can’t Jennifer speak to Charles? 15. What message does she leave for Kevin?									
۵ نمره											
Part B: Vocabulary (6 points)											
		با توجه به تصاویر داده شده جملات زیر را کامل کنید.									
		<table><tr><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>(16)</td><td>(17)</td></tr></table>						(16)	(17)		
											
(16)	(17)										
۲		16. The smallest dictionary in the world needs to be read with a 17. The nurse took my with a thermometer.									
۱ نمره											

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بارم	سوالات (زبان انگلیسی پایه دوازدهم)				ردیف
۲ نمره	برای هر کلمه مشخص شده از ستون A یک تعریف از ستون B انتخاب کنید. (یک تعریف در ستون B اضافی است).				۳
	A		B		
۲ نمره	جملات زیر را با کلمات داده شده کامل کنید. (یک کلمه اضافی است).				۴
	boosts - recommends - contain - combination - definition				
۱ نمره	جملات زیر را با معلومات خود کامل کنید.				۵
	Part C: Grammar (7 points)				
۲ نمره	گزینه صحیح را انتخاب کنید.				۶
	28. Emotions and ethics in Ghazals a lot.				
۲ نمره	شکل صحیح افعال داخل پرانتز را بنویسید.				۷
	32. He is called Hafez because he the Holy Quran by heart. (learn)				
۲ نمره	جملات زیر را با کلمه داخل پرانتز ترکیب کنید.				۸
	36. The cat was drinking milk. It lives near us. (which)				
۱ نمره	جمله زیر را مجهول کنید.				۹
	38. My grandfather feeds the pigeons in the park.				
Part D: Writing (8 points)					
۲ نمره	جملات زیر را با and, or, but و so کامل کنید.				۱۰
	39. In 1316 he became a physician then came back to his homeland.				

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بارم	سوالات (زبان انگلیسی پایه دوازدهم)		
۲ نمره	جملات ناقص زیر را تکمیل کنید.		
۱۱	43. If I were you, 44. We bought the books which		
۲ نمره	جمله‌های در هم ریخته زیر را مرتب کنید.		
۱۲	45. in the street – too cold – there – snow – it’s – but – not – is - . 46. the keys – found – lost – I – I – that – yesterday - .		
۲ نمره	برای متن زیر دو سوال با کلمات پرسشی داده شده بسازید و به آن‌ها پاسخ دهید. A dictionary is a book which explains the meanings of words and expressions. You can find words easily because dictionaries put them in alphabetical order. The word 'dictionary' comes from the Latin 'dictio' ('saying'). 47. What? 48. Why?		
Part E: Reading (10 points)			
۱۰ نمره	متون زیر را بخوانید و به سؤالات داده شده پاسخ دهید.		
۱۴	<p>Passage 1:</p> <p>Once upon a time a psychology professor walked around on a stage. She was teaching stress management principles to a class filled with students. As she held a glass of water, everyone thought that she would ask the typical “glass half empty or glass half full” question. Instead, with a smile on her face, the professor asked, “How heavy is this glass of water I’m holding?” Students shouted out different answers. She answered, “In my opinion, the absolute weight of this glass doesn’t matter. It all depends on how long I hold it. If I hold it for a minute or two, it’s light. If I hold it for an hour, its weight might make my arm ache a little. If I hold it for a day, my arm will likely cramp up and I will not be able to move my arm for some days, forcing me to drop the glass to the floor. In each case, the weight of the glass doesn’t change, but the longer I hold it, the heavier it feels to me.”</p> <p>As the class shook their heads in agreement, she continued, “Your stresses and worries in life are like this glass of water. Think about your worries for a while and nothing happens. Think about them a bit longer and you begin to ache a little. Think about them all day long, and you will feel completely incapable of doing anything else until you drop <u>them</u>.”</p> <p>49. What is the main idea of the text?</p> <p>1) Our stresses are as light as water. 2) If you hold a glass for a day, you will drop it at the end of the day. 3) The weight of our worries depends on how long we hold them. 4) We should see the glass half full to be able to overcome our stress.</p> <p>50. What was important to the professor?</p> <p>1) half empty glass 2) the weight of the glass 3) half full glass 4) how long the glass is held</p> <p>51. What does “them” in the last line refer to?</p> <p>1) worries 2) glasses 3) students 4) arms</p>		

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بار م	سوالات (زبان انگلیسی پایه دوازدهم)	ردیف
	<p>Passage 2:</p> <p>Man has to live in a society. So, he must know good manners and how to behave with others. How should he behave? He should respect the ideas of others. He must respect his elders. He must be gentle and polite. His reply should always be sweet. Truth, no doubt, is not always sweet. But even a bitter truth can be made sweet by the use of sweet words. Who can like the sharpness of a clever tongue? So nobody can like you if you lack good manners.</p> <p>But there are people who know the art of making enemies. They don't know good manners and are very rough in their behavior. In recent times, students disrespect their teachers. <u>They</u> hurt simple boys and girls easily. All this shows that they lack culture and discipline. The result is that such students are hated everywhere.</p> <p>So, it is necessary to learn good manners early in life. A good home is the best school for training in good manners. A good society, too, helps you learn manners. But good manners should not be learned like a parrot. You must be natural in your behavior. Only a "thank you" with a smile is not enough. Good manners are moral qualities. Only a show of good manners is like a snake under grass or like sweet poison. It is bad to have honey on the tongue and poison in the heart. So, you should really be sweet, not only appear to be sweet.</p> <p>52. People should have good manners because</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) they have to respect others 2) they have to live in a society 3) they have to be polite 4) they have to tell the truth <p>53. Which of the options is NOT the way someone should behave?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) One should be polite 2) One should respect other's opinion 3) One should tell a truth with bitter words 4) One should respect older ones <p>54. What does "they" in the 9th line refer to?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) teachers 2) people 3) students 4) enemies 	
	<p>Passage 3</p> <p>Maryam Mirzakhani has become the first woman to win the Fields Medal, the most prestigious prize in mathematics. Mirzakhani, 37 , completed her PhD at Harvard in 2004. During her childhood, she dreamt of becoming a writer. Her most exciting hobby was reading novels; in fact, she would read anything she could find. She ever thought she would like mathematics until her last year in high school. She grew up in a family with three siblings. Her parents were always very supportive and encouraging. It was important for <u>them</u> that their kids have meaningful and satisfying careers, but they didn't care as much about success and achievement.</p> <p>In many ways, it was a great environment for her, though those were hard times during the Iran - Iraq war. Her older brother was the person who got her interested in science in general. He used to tell her what he learned in school. Her first memory of mathematics was probably the time that he told her about the problem of adding numbers from 1 to 100. She thought he had read in a popular science journal "how Gauss solved this problem". The solution was quite fascinating for her. That was the first time she enjoyed a beautiful solution, though she couldn't find it herself.</p> <p>55. What was Mirzakhani's first memory of mathematics?</p> <p>56. When did she become interested in math?</p> <p>57. Did her parents care much about success?</p> <p>58. She solved the problem of adding numbers from 1 – 100 herself. True <input type="checkbox"/> False <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>59. Her parents wanted her to become a mathematician. True <input type="checkbox"/> False <input type="checkbox"/></p>	