

Happy Nothinz



May the next year lead you to the path of glory and bring you a success story.

Habba Jonica

to you and your family!

happy Nowruz wish you a



This file includes three parts to do:

- 1) Story book
 2) Worksheets
 3) Writing part



Story Book

Download Link

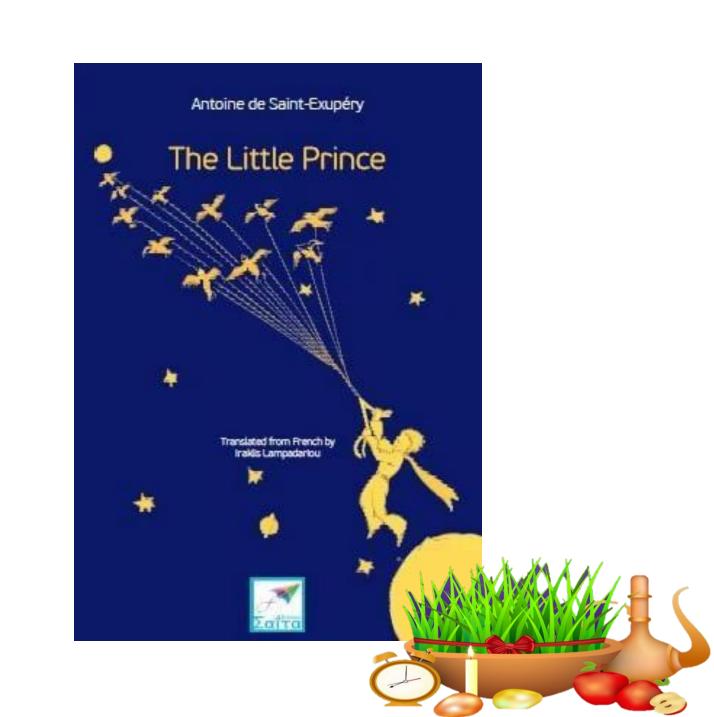
www.learnenglishteam.com/
english-story-books-forbeginners

Download The Little Prince – Antoine de Saint-Exupéry

The Little Prince

ANTOINE DE SAINT-EXUPÉRY





Grammars

700° 10-14



Adverbs of frequency

How much How many

Is there?
Are there?

Present simple vs.

Present continuous

Describing people

Let's....
Shall we...?

Plurals: spelling



Can: request & permission

too

Prepositions

Need vs. want

GRAMMARS UNIT 10-14

Conjunctions



Adverbs of frequency



Rules

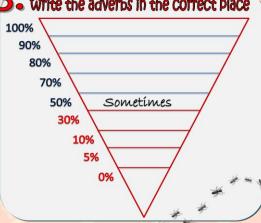
Follow the examples and complete the rules with the Correct word: Between After

Frequency adverbs go:

- _main verbs.
- I never drink coke.
- the auxiliary verb and the
- main verb.
- He doesn't often make his bed.
- _the verb TO BE. Joe is always at home at noon.



Write the adverbs in the correct place 100%



Put the sentences in order

- 1. swims / usually / he / fast
- 2. dad / never / coffee / my / drinks
- 3. listen / don't / music / they / often / to
- 4. her / angry / am / rarely / with / I
- 5. Why / teeth / do / you / never / brush / your?

Complete the sentences

Use the Present Simple of the verbs in brackets. Put the adverbs in the right place.

- 1. Susan (do / never) her homework in the kitchen.
- 2. Henry and Tina (not meet / usually) in the afternoons.
- (be / always) at home on Sunday mornings.
- (go out / seldom) at night from Monday to Friday.
- (you / eat / sometimes) pizza?
- 6. English weather _____ (not be / often) sunny.







Follow the examples and Complete the rules with the Correct word:

Between

After

Before

Frequency adverbs go:

main Verbs.

I never drink coke.

the auxiliary Verb and the main Verb.

He doesn't often make his bed.

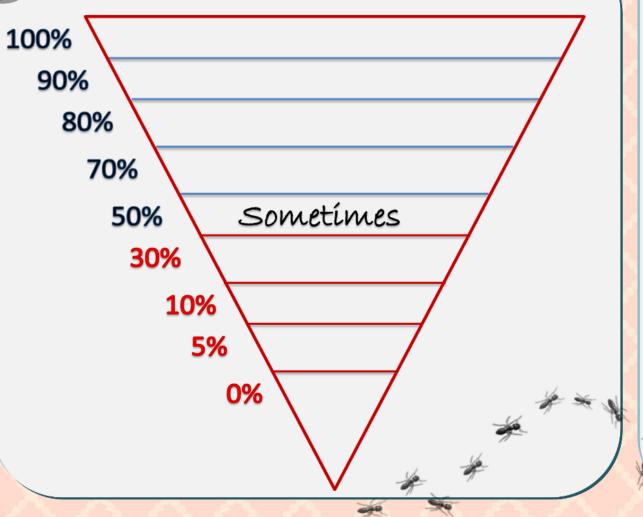
____the verb TO BE.

Joe is always at home at noon.

Circle the adverbs (
Frequentivally authorities and sunsunphissurprise authorities authori acasionally by i oftensy statistics as the second statistics and the second statistics are second statistics and the second seco Circle the adverbs of frequency



write the adverbs in the correct place



Put the sentences in order

- 1. swims / usually / he / fast
- 2. dad / never / coffee / my / drinks
- listen / don't / music / they / often / to
- 4. her / angry / am / rarely / with / I
- 5. Why / teeth / do / you / never / brush / your?



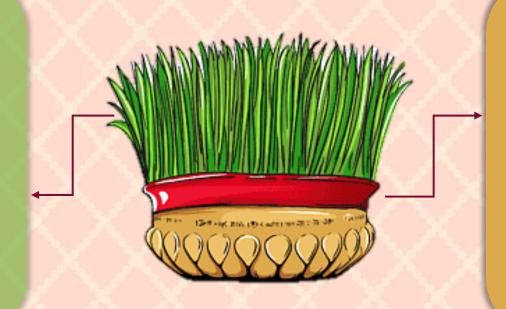
Use the Present Simple of the verbs in brackets. Put the adverbs in the right place.

- 1. Susan _____ (do / never) her homework in the kitchen.
- 2. Henry and Tina _____ (not meet / usually) in the afternoons.
- 3. I _____ (be / always) at home on Sunday mornings.
- 4. We _____ (go out / seldom) at night from Monday to Friday.
- 5. _____ (you / eat / sometimes) pizza?
- 6. English weather _____ (not be / often) sunny.

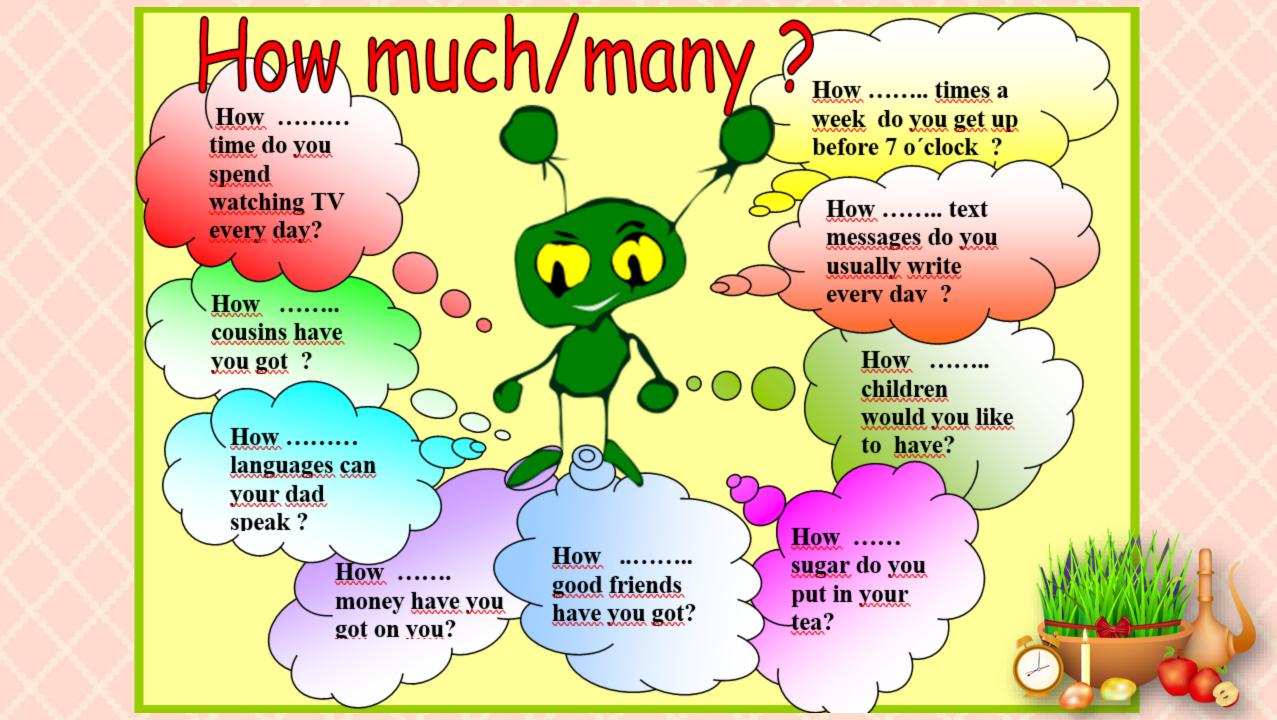


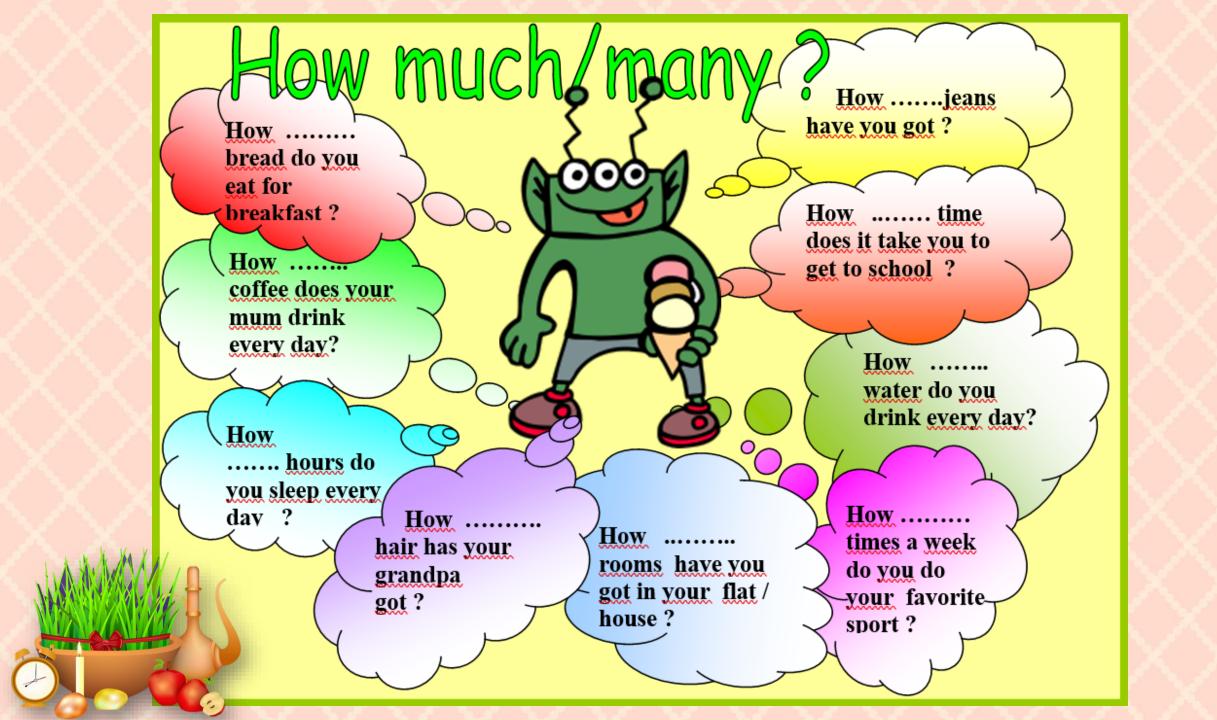


How mack



HOW MANY ... ?





hours do you sleep every day? 1. How cousins have you got? 2. How money did you spend yesterday? 3. How _____ TV sets have you got at home? 4. How 5. How sugar do you put in your tea / coffee ? 6. How hair has your grandfather got ? books did you read last year? 7. How languages can your parents speak? 18. How blood is there in the human body? 9. How ____ friends did you invite to your last birthday <u>party</u>? 10. How 11. How homework do you get every day? 12. How ______ times did you get up before 7 o'clock last week ? 13. How _____ water do you drink every day? 14. How ______ time does it take you to eat your breakfast? 15. How _____ mobiles have you had? coffee does your dad drink every day? 16. How ____ snow was there in your village / town last <u>year ?</u> ¹17. How 18. How _____ ____ years have you lived at your present address?



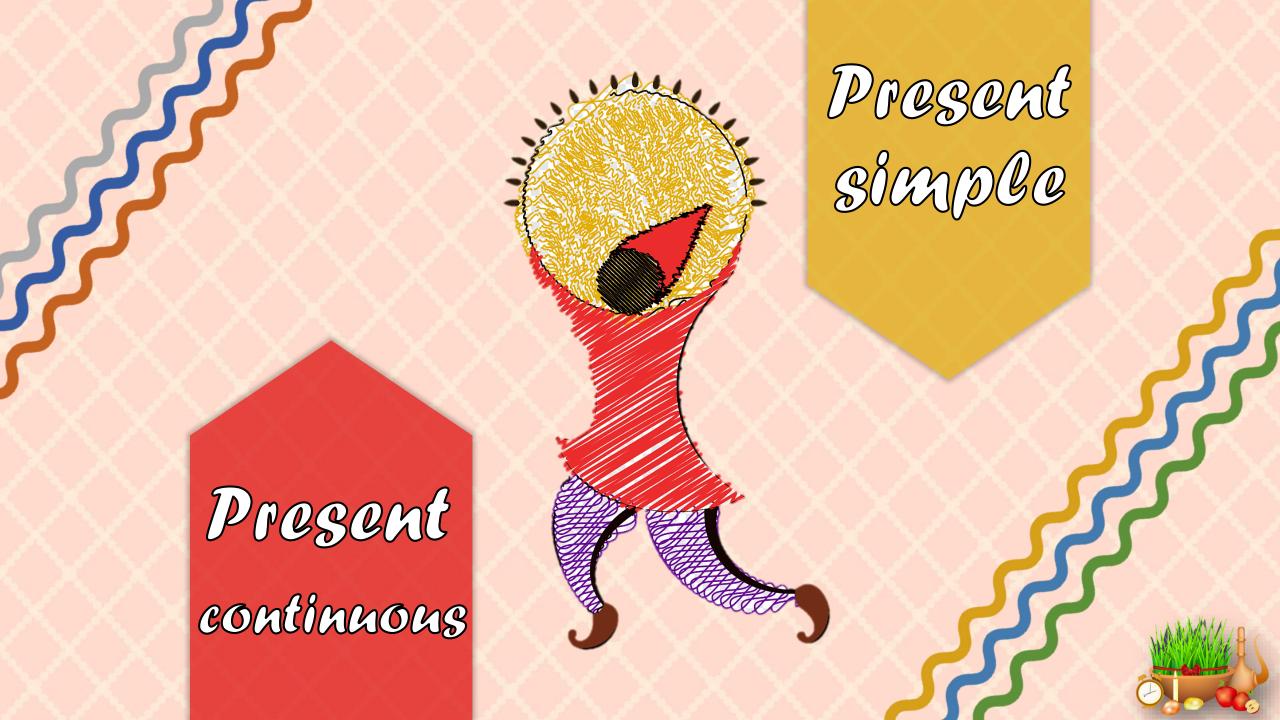














Present Simple and Present Continuous



1. Which is correct?

- Andy plays/play football three times a week.
- Milana have/has a dancing class on Tuesdays and Thursdays.
- Amalia doesn't go/don't go to school every day.
- Does/Do Dima have English twice a week?
- We always play/plays games at school.
- Our parents often go/goes to the cinema at the weekend.

2. Which is correct?

- Where is Andy? He is play/he is playing football now.
- Milana is dancing/is dances at a concert tonight.
- Amalia is/am going to fly to Spain next week.
- Is Dima speaking/speaks Russian at the moment? No, he's speaking English.
- Today at school we is playing/are playing Monopoly.
- Our parents are watch/is watching a film at the cinema now.

REMEMBER! PRESENT SIMPLE

Every day/month/year, usually, always, never, sometimes, often, seldom, once/twice/three times a day/a week, on Mondays, at the weekend.

REMEMBER! PRESENT CONTINUOUS

Now, at the moment, today, tonight, next week/month/year.





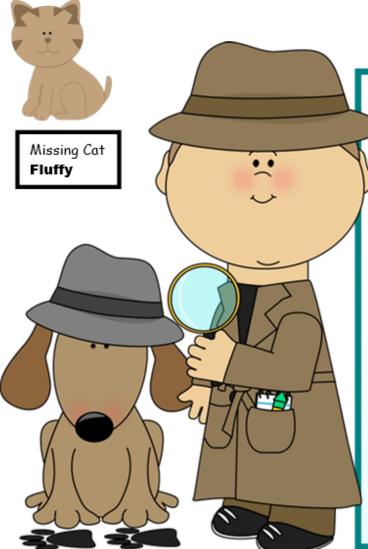
*... _

don't or doesn't

Do or Does

Present simple & Present Continuous

am is are



am not isn't aren't

1. My partner and I, Deputy Dog, searching for the
person who kidnapped Fluffy, the neighbor's cat.
Fluffy(not) live inside the house. She
(not) sleeping on the porch now, because she isn't here.
3 you believe that detectives can find missing cats?
Some people (not)
4. Right now I holding a magnifying glass. And my faithful
dog wearing a grey hat. We wearing detective
clothes, we (not) wearing our school clothes.
5 Fluffy have a lot of friends? Yes, she always
playing with the neighborhood cats.
6 the neighborhood cats enjoy Fluffy's company? Of
course, they
7. We looking around the neighborhood for a brown cat.
Fluffy and her friends (not) hiding from us.
8. Today I (not) thinking about what trouble Fluffy is
in. <u>Instead</u> my partner and I looking for clues everywhere.
9. My partner (not) like Fluffy, that (not)
important. He sniffing everywhere for her.
10 Fluffy often hide from her owner? I think
so.
11. Mr. Dolittle, who is Fluffy's owner, (not) want to own
a doa. He worrying about her now.



 I reading a mystery now. 			
The cat (not) sleeping at home.			
3. The detectives working.			
4 detectives look for clues?			
5 we looking for the cat?			
6. They helping the detectives.			
7 the dog sniffing for Fluffy?			
8 the dog like cats at all?			
9. I (not) playing games now.			
10 detectives wear hats?			
11 he searching the house now?			
12 dogs make good detectives?			
13 the detective wearing a			
raincoat?			
14. That dog (not) smell			
anything.			

Circle the correct answer for each person

1. he: isn't are aren't doesn't do am

2. we: am aren't don't does do isn't

3. they: am does do doesn't don't are

4. you: is does do are isn't aren't am

5. I: is doesn't don't am not am does

6. she: am not don't doesn't is are



Present Tense Mix-up



PRESENT SIMPLE

never every day
always sometimes
usually
often
every day/week

Present Simple Use

- something true
- everyday habits

Write PS or PC for the time words

1.	now	
2.	today	
3.	usually	

- 4. right now
- 5. often
- 6. every Friday _
- 7. at the moment
- 8. never
- 9. tonight _____
- 10. always ____
- 11. every day ___

PRESENT
CONTINUOUS
TIME WORDS

now right now at the moment today/this Tuesday tonight

PRESENT CONTINUOUS USE

- now
- for fixed plans (playing tennis)
- temporary action



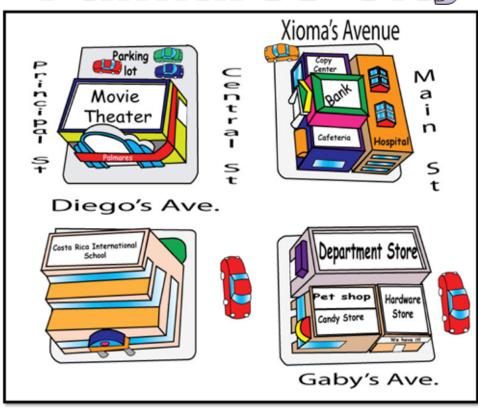


Is there any ...?

Prepositions Places

I. Look at Palmares city map. Then, answers the questions based on the map. Share your answers.





II. Write sentences with There is/ are

- 1. Parking lot /(Preposition) Movie theater.
- 2. Pet shop + Preposition + Candy store
- 3. Bank + Prep + Copy Center + Cafeteria.
- 4. Hardware store and School + Prep + Gaby's Av

III. Answer the questions.

- 1. Is there a Pet shop?
- 2. Are there some cars?
- 3. Are there any stadiums? ___
- 4. Is there a hospital?
- 5. Is there a drugstore?
- 6. Are there any banks?
- 7. Is there a tennis court? __
- 8. Is there a school?
- 9. Is there a hotel? _

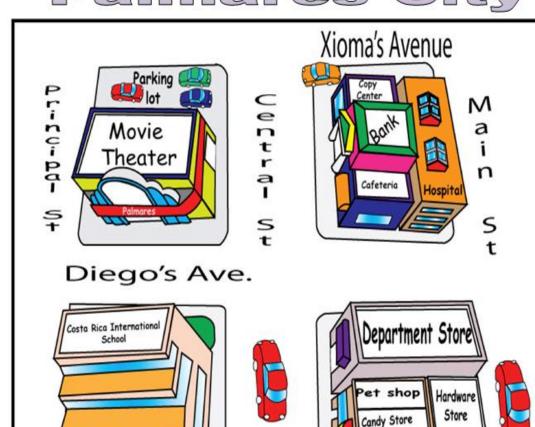


Is there any ...?

Prepositions
of
Places

I. Look at Palmares city map. Then, answers the questions based on the map. Share your answers.

Palmares City



Gaby's Ave.

II. V	Write	sentences	with	There	is/	are
-------	-------	-----------	------	-------	-----	-----

 Parking lot /(Preposition) Movie theater
--

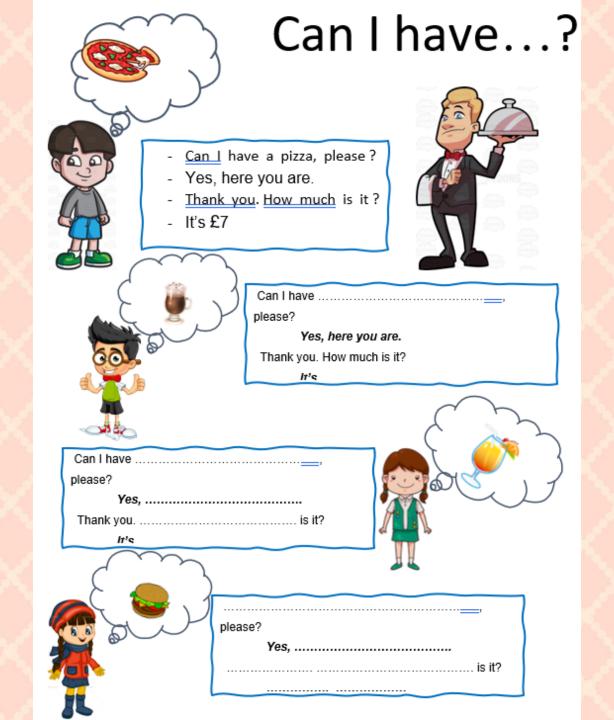
Pet shop + Preposition + Candy stor

4. Hardware store and School + Prep + Gaby's Av

III. Answer the questions.

- 1. Is there a Pet shop? _____
- 2. Are there some cars? _____
- 3. Are there any stadiums? _____
- 4. Is there a hospital? _____
- 5. Is there a drugstore? _____
- 6. Are there any banks? _____
- 7. Is there a tennis court? _____
- 8. Is there a school? _____
- 9. Is there a hotel? _____

San requests & permissions





CAN I, MOM?

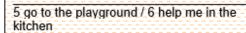
Make sentences following the example and match them with the pictures,

Mom, can I walk the dog ? No you can't. You have to go to the bakery.



1 walk the dog / 2 go to the bakery

3 play football / 4 wash the car





7 Have a picnic / 8 study for your test

8 call my friend / 9 make coffee



10 watch TV / 11 make your bed

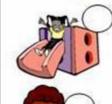
12 read my book / 13 go to the supermarket

14 skate / 15 play with your little sister











Dialogue:

Can I Bug You for a Sec?

A is working on a puzzle. B helps A solve the puzzle.

A: Lisa?

B: Yes?

A: Are you busy?

B: No. Not at all.

A: Can I bug you for a sec?
(Can I bother you for a moment?)

B: Sure. What's up?

A: Well, I'm solving this puzzle and

I'm trying to find <u>an eight-letter word</u> that begins with B.

(that ends in)

B: How about 'blustery'?

A: How do you spell that?

B: B-L-U-S-T-E-R-Y

A: What does that mean?

B: Blustery is <u>another word for windy</u>.

(is the opposite <u>of</u>)

A: That should do the trick. Thanks.

(That works perfectly.)

(That should work.)

B: Is there anything else?

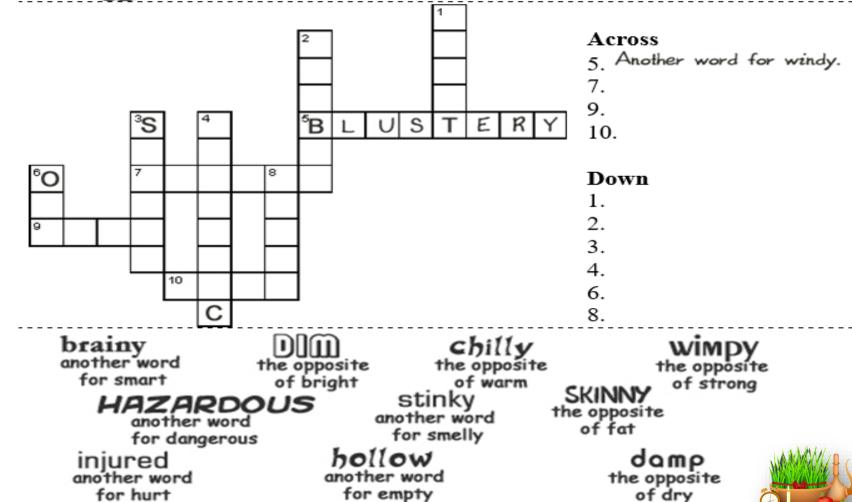
A: No, that's everything. Thanks.

Student 1
Activity Sheet





You are having problems solving a puzzle. Go around the room and ask your friends for help solving your puzzle. Fill in the puzzle and the clues below. When you are done, help other students fill out their puzzles using the words at the bottom.



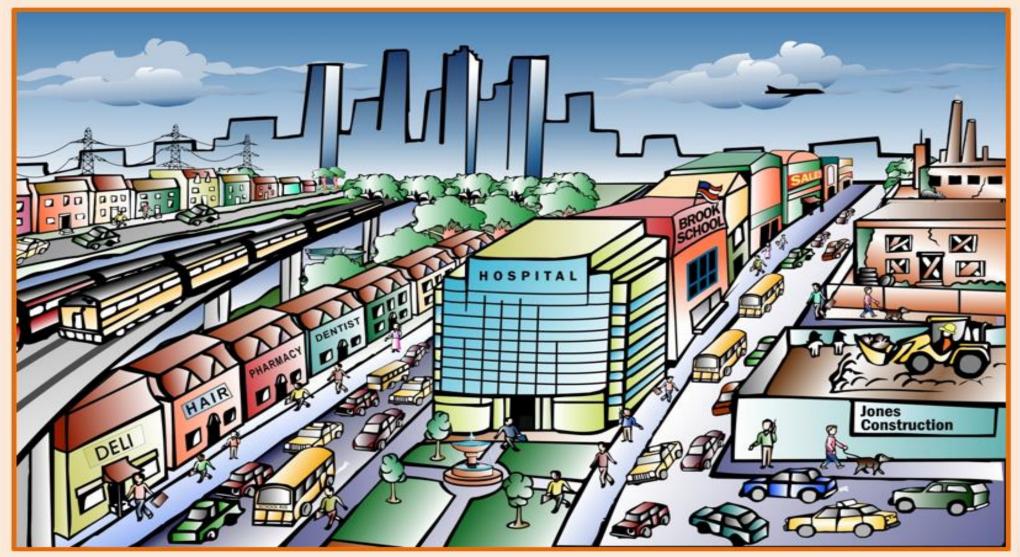
Prepositions

inside, outside, above, below, near, ...



Prepositions of place

Look at the picture and write





Where is the dark blue car?	It is in front of the green car.
Where is the Brook School?	
Where is the airplane?	
Where is the water fountain?	
Where are the tall buildings?	
Where is the man who is talking on the phone?	
Where is the Dentist?	
Where is Jones Construction?	
Where are the antennas?	
Where is the flag?	
Where is the Sale store?	
Where is the Hospital?	
Where is the Pharmacy?	



Conjunctions

because, oz, but, and,

Conjunctions: Reason: because

MATCH THE SENTENCES USING A CONJUNCTION

- 1. She went shopping
- 2. He visited his friend Paul
- 3.- Yolanda saved some money
- 4. I live near the sea
- 5.-They didn't go to the theatre
- 6. He didn't accept the job
- 7. She bought some meat
- 8. The hotel was amazing
- 9. You'll have to go without me
- 10.- He should do some exercise
- 11.-She couldn't read properly
- 12.- Julia is going to Canada
- 13.-I don't want to see that film
- 14.-He can't drink any alcohol
- 15.-They joined the club
- 16.-I want to buy a dog
- 17.-Mary didn't go to work

- a.- I'm not read yet
- b.- I like walking along the beach
- c.-the tickets were sold out
- d.-it was modern and comfortable
- e. there was no food in the fridge
- f.- she had some temperature
- g. he wanted to ask him something
- h.- she have some people for dinner
- i.- she wanted to buy a new computer
- j. it was badly paid
- k.-she has to do business there
- I.-it makes him feel dizzy
- m.-the area isn't safe
- n.-she had forgotten her glasses
- o.-I have seen it already
- p.-they wanted to make new friends
- q.- he is getting too fat





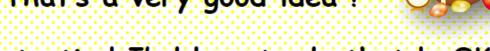
Shall we go to the beach? Let's go to the cinema!

What about going to the swimming pool?

How about renting a flat?

Why don't we go to the museum?

We could go to the cinema! That's a very good idea!



Fantastic! I'd love to do that! OK!

All right! That's an amazing idea!....

I'm sorry , I can't , I have to

That's not a very good idea !I don't like

that idea beacause.....

MAKE SUGGESTIONS USING THE PROMPTS GIVEN

- 1. Today is the longest day of the year: (organize a big barbecue)
- 2. The weather is supposed to be gorgeous next Sunday: (go to the beach)
- 3. We haven't planned our holidays in August yet: (book two weeks in a camp site in Italy
- 4. Damn it! it is going to rain all afternoon!: (go to the Cinema, and the pub after)
- 5. Your cousins are coming over and going to stay one week: (play outdoor games and go to the swimming pool)
- 6. There's a big funfair and fireworks in the nearest village: (go there, watch the fireworks)
- 7. Some friends have just arrived unexpected at lunch time: (go to the restaurant)
- 8. There's a big traffic jam on the motorway leading to your holiday resort : (take small Countryside roads)
- 9. The children are just busy watching videos on You Tube: (go to visit a new exhibition in the city museum)
- 10. There 's a big car boot sale in the town where you are staying: (go and have a look and a drink all together)

SHALL WE /SHALL I:



MATCH THE SENTENCES.

I am very tired.()	
--------------------	--

That dress is cheap and beautiful.(.....)

I am very thirsty(.....)

There is a concert tomorrow.(.....)

There isn't any bread. (.....)

I am very hungry.(.....)

The weather is fine today.(.....)

It is cold and rainy today.(.....)

1) Shall we buy tickets?

2) Shall we have a picnic?

3)Shall we stay at home

4)Shall I go to the super market.

5) Shall I help you?

6)Shall we buy it?

7) Shall I make a sandwich for you.

8) Shall I make you some lemonade.

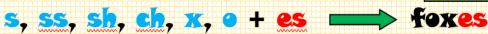
CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION.	
1)I am very boredgoing out and playing football?	
a)shall we b)what about	
2)Mum is very tired todayhelp her?	
a)how about b)shall we	
3)Our room is dirty. Mum gets angryclean it today.	
a)Let's b)how about	
4)There is Maths exam tomorrowstudy fort he exam.	
a)how about b)let's	
5)It is mother's day tomorrowbuying a gift for our mum?	
a)what about b)shall we	





Regular And Irregular Plurals





Rule 3:

Consonant +y ies babies

Rule 4:

Vowel (a.e.i.o.u) +y +s - toys

Rule 5:

knife -knives wes



Man - men

Remember:

Woman - women

Foot - feet

Tooth - teeth

Goose - geese

Mouse - mice

Child - children

Rish - Kish

Sheep - sheep

Salmon - salmon

Deer - deer



	al forms of the following	2. Fill in the correct plural forms of the
words:		words:
1. egg -	14. sheep -	1. I see three (woman) there.
2. tomato –	15. knife -	2. There are two (knife) on the table.
3. child -	16. salmon -	3. My (foot) aches.
4. box -	17. house -	4. There are a lot of (mouse) there. 5. I like to eat (apple).
5. tooth -	18. wolf -	6. There are ten (child) in our class.
6. lady –	19. horse -	7. There are many (tomato) in the salad.
7. book -	20. star	8. I don't like (fish).
8. leaf -	21. church -	9. There are many (butterfly) here.
9. foot -	22. bus -	10. I have a lot of new (dress).
10. toy -	23. dress -	11. Look at this (bus). It's orange. 🔸
11. man -	24. day -	12. These (cherry) are sweet.
12. fish -	25. potato –	13. There are three (book) in my bag.
13. mouse -	26. brush -	14. My (tooth) are white.
13. mouse -		
3. Fill in the corre	ect forms of the words:	4. Correct the mistakes:
3. Fill in the corre	sct forms of the words: (banana)?	4.Correct the mistakes: 1. There are three <u>cat</u> under the tree.
3. Fill in the corre 1. Do you like 2. How many	ect forms of the words: (banana)? (pen) do you have?	4.Correct the mistakes: 1. There are three cat under the tree. 2. These pencil are mine.
3. Fill in the corre 1. Do you like 2. How many 3. Where does thi	ect forms of the words: _(banana)? (pen) do you have? is(man) live?	4.Correct the mistakes: 1. There are three <u>cat</u> under the tree. 2. <u>These pencil</u> are mine. 3. I'm afraid of dog.
3. Fill in the corre 1. Do you like 2. How many 3. Where does th 4. Whose(bo	ect forms of the words: (banana)? (pen) do you have? is(man) live? ok) are these?	4. Correct the mistakes: 1. There are three <u>cat</u> under the tree. 2. <u>These pencil</u> are mine. 3. I'm afraid of dog. 4. I don't like to eat salmons.
3. Fill in the corre 1. Do you like 2. How many 3. Where does the 4. Whose (bo 5. When does you	ect forms of the words: (banana)? (pen) do you have? is (man) live? ok) are these? r (bus) arrive?	4. Correct the mistakes: 1. There are three cat under the tree. 2. These pencil are mine. 3. I'm afraid of dog. 4. I don't like to eat salmons. 5. Those child are from my class.
3. Fill in the corre 1. Do you like 2. How many 3. Where does th 4. Whose (bo 5. When does you 6. How many	ect forms of the words: (banana)? (pen) do you have? is (man) live? ok) are these? n (bus) arrive? (star) can you see?	4. Correct the mistakes: 1. There are three <u>cat</u> under the tree. 2. <u>These pencil</u> are mine. 3. I'm afraid of dog. 4. I don't like to eat salmons. 5. <u>Those child</u> are from my class. 6. Liz put three <u>knife</u> on the table.
3. Fill in the corre 1. Do you like 2. How many 3. Where does th 4. Whose (bo 5. When does you 6. How many	ect forms of the words: (banana)? (pen) do you have? is (man) live? ok) are these? n (bus) arrive? (star) can you see? o (deer) there?	4. Correct the mistakes: 1. There are three cat under the tree. 2. These pencil are mine. 3. I'm afraid of dog. 4. I don't like to eat salmons. 5. Those child are from my class. 6. Liz put three knife on the table. 7. These horse are beautiful.
3. Fill in the corre 1. Do you like 2. How many 3. Where does th 4. Whose(bo 5. When does you 6. How many 7. Gan you buy th	ect forms of the words: (banana)? (pen) do you have? is (man) live? ok) are these? n (bus) arrive? (star) can you see? o (deer) there?	4. Correct the mistakes: 1. There are three cat under the tree. 2. These pencil are mine. 3. I'm afraid of dog. 4. I don't like to eat salmons. 5. Those child are from my class. 6. Liz put three knife on the table. 7. These horse are beautiful. 8. Don't take the balls, it is dirty.
3. Fill in the corre 1. Do you like 2. How many 3. Where does the 4. Whose (bo 5. When does you 6. How many 7. Can you see tw 8. Will you buy th	ect forms of the words: (banana)? (pen) do you have? is (man) live? ok) are these? n (bus) arrive? (star) can you see? o (deer) there? ose six (fish)? autumn (leaf)?	4. Correct the mistakes: 1. There are three cat under the tree. 2. These pencil are mine. 3. I'm afraid of dog. 4. I don't like to eat salmons. 5. Those child are from my class. 6. Liz put three knife on the table. 7. These horse are beautiful. 8. Don't take the balls, it is dirity. 9. You can see a lot of fishes here.
3. Fill in the corre 1. Do you like 2. How many 3. Where does th 4. Whose(bo 5. When does you 6. How many 7. Gan you see tw 8. Will you buy th 9. Do you collect	ect forms of the words: (banana)? (pen) do you have? is (man) live? ok) are these? n (bus) arrive? (star) can you see? o (deer) there? outumn (leaf)?	4. Correct the mistakes: 1. There are three cat under the tree. 2. These pencil are mine. 3. I'm afraid of dog. 4. I don't like to eat salmons. 5. Those child are from my class. 6. Liz put three knife on the table. 7. These horse are beautiful. 8. Don't take the balls, it is dirty. 9. You can see a lot of fishes here. 10. This boxes is empty.
3. Fill in the corre 1. Do you like 2. How many 3. Where does the 4. Whose(bo 5. When does you 6. How many 7. Can you see tw 8. Will you buy th 9. Do you collect of 10. How many 11. Will you buy	ect forms of the words: (banana)? (pen) do you have? is (man) live? ok) are these? r (bus) arrive? (star) can you see? o (deer) there? autumn (leaf)?	4. Correct the mistakes: 1. There are three cat under the tree. 2. These pencil are mine. 3. I'm afraid of dog. 4. I don't like to eat salmons: 5. Those child are from my class. 6. Liz put three knife on the table. 7. These horse are beautiful. 8. Don't take the balls, it is dirty. 9. You can see a lot of fishes here. 10. This boxes is empty. 11. Look at this babies, he is sleeping.
3. Fill in the corre 1. Do you like 2. How many 3. Where does th 4. Whose (bo 5. When does you 6. How many 7. Gan you see tw 8. Will you buy th 9. Do you collect 10. How many 11. Will you buy 12. Is there a	ect forms of the words: (banana)? (pen) do you have? is (man) live? ok) are these? n (bus) arrive? (star) can you see? o (deer) there? outumn (leaf)?	4. Correct the mistakes: 1. There are three cat under the tree. 2. These pencil are mine. 3. I'm afraid of dog. 4. I don't like to eat salmons. 5. Those child are from my class. 6. Liz put three knife on the table. 7. These horse are beautiful. 8. Don't take the balls, it is dirty. 9. You can see a lot of fishes here. 10. This boxes is empty.

order of adjectives

Describing people



ORDER OF ADJECTIVES



1. Adjectives normally go before nouns:

He has a big house.

Adj. Noun

Adjectives like good, bad, beautiful, etc.; are "opinion adjectives". These adjectives
describe what you thing about something and go before adjectives like new, big, etc.
which are "fact" adjectives.

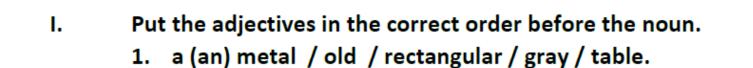
They have a beautiful big house.

Opinión fact Noun Adj. Adj

3. When there are two or more adjectives, they go in the following order:

	Opinion	Size	Age	Shape	Color	Origen	Material	Purpose	Noun
It's a	beautiful	big	new	square	brown	Indian	wooden	clothes	box







2. a (an) enormous / Roman / amazing / monument.

3. a (an) round / yellow / plastic / plate.

4. a (an) cotton / pretty / red / modern / dress.

5. a (an) Greek / marble / ancient / big / statue.

6. a (an) ugly / black / square / frame.

II. Look at the picture and describe the clothes with three adjectives + noun.



Look at the pictures carefully and then order the given adjectives to write a sentence to describe them.

OPINION	SIZE	AGE	SHAPE	COLOUR	ORIGIN	MATERIAL	NOUN
beautiful	big	new	square	brown	Indian	leather	bag
awful	large	old	round	yellow	Italian	plastic	box



(leather/pink/Italian/beautiful/small)

A ______ handbag.



(wooden/round/big)

A _____table.



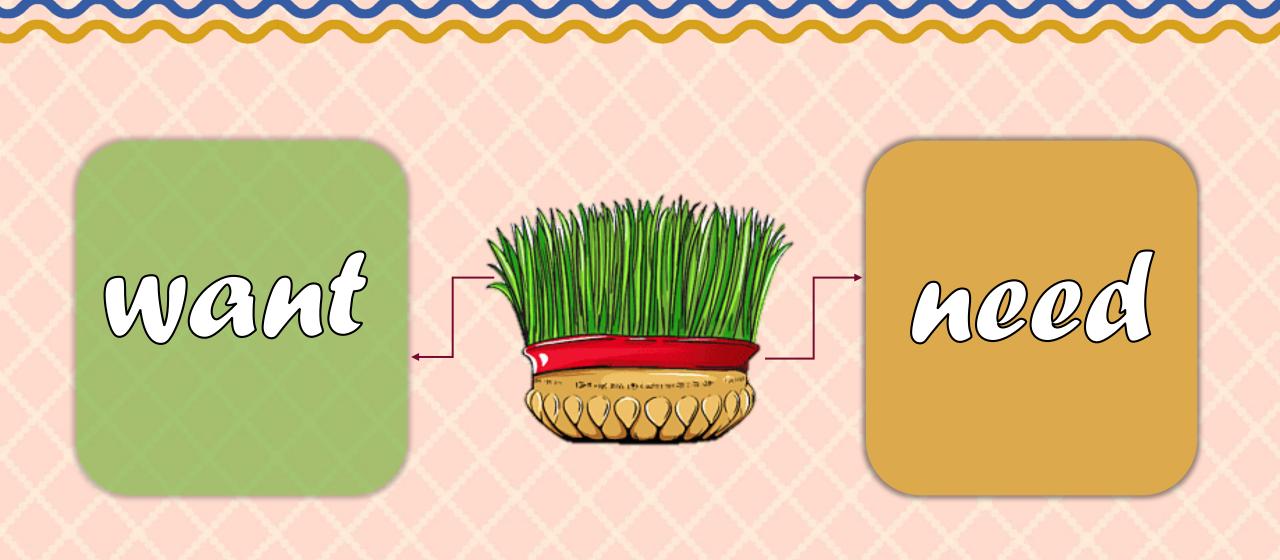
(silk/ nice/ Chinese/new)

A ______ scarf.



(gold/expensive/Japanese/new)

An ______ watch.





Wants vs Needs

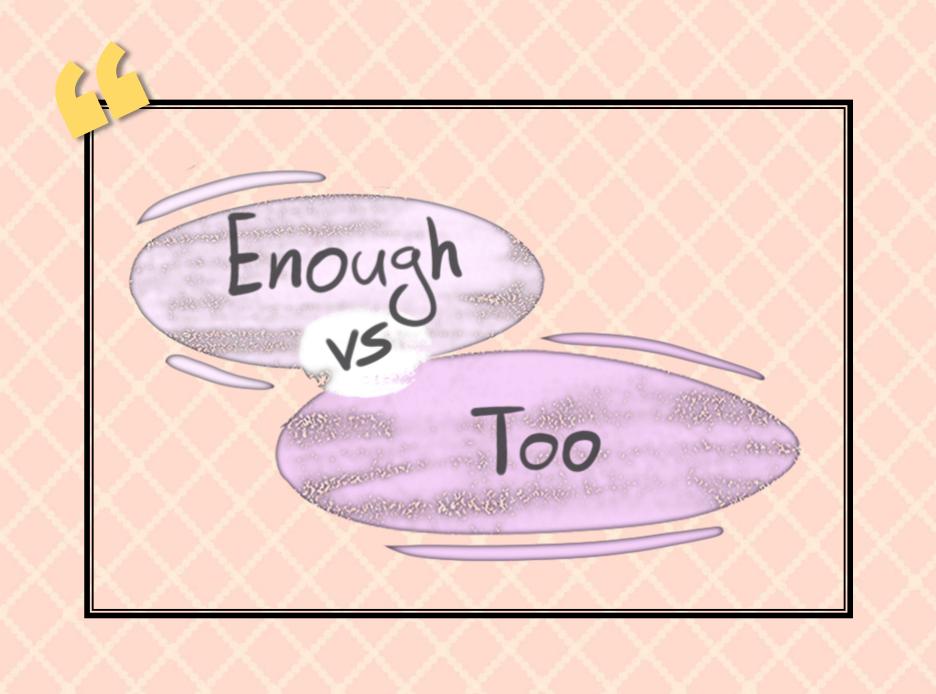
I want it = W

I need it = N

Say 'why' you want or need it.

Example: I want / need (a/an) _______ because ______.







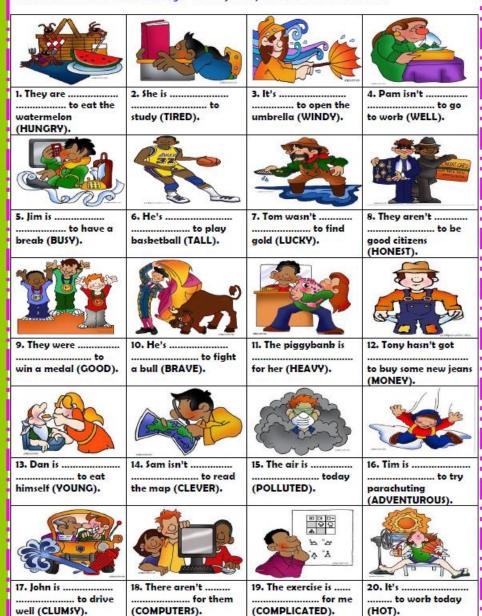
TOO or ENOUGH

TOO + ADJECTIVE/ ADVERB

ENOUGH + NOUN

ADJECTIVE/ ADVERB + ENOUGH

Fill in the blanks with too or enough + the adjective, adverb or noun in brackets.



Fill in the blanks with too or enough + the adjective, adverb or noun in brackets.



1. They areto eat the watermelon (HUNGRY).



2. She is to study (TIRED).



3. It's to open the umbrella (WINDY).



4. Pam isn't to go to work (WELL).



5. Jim isto have a break (BUSY).



6. He's to play basketball (TALL).



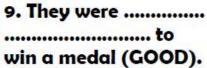
7. Tom wasn't to find gold (LUCKY).



8. They aren't to be good citizens (HONEST).









10. He's to fight a bull (BRAVE).



11. The piggybank is for her (HEAVY).



to buy some new jeans (MONEY).



13. Dan is to eat himself (YOUNG).



14. Sam isn'tto read the map (CLEVER).



15. The air istoday (POLLUTED).



16. Tim is to try parachuting (ADVENTUROUS).



17. John is to drive well (CLUM\$Y).



18. There aren't for them (COMPUTERS).



19. The exercise is for me (COMPLICATED).



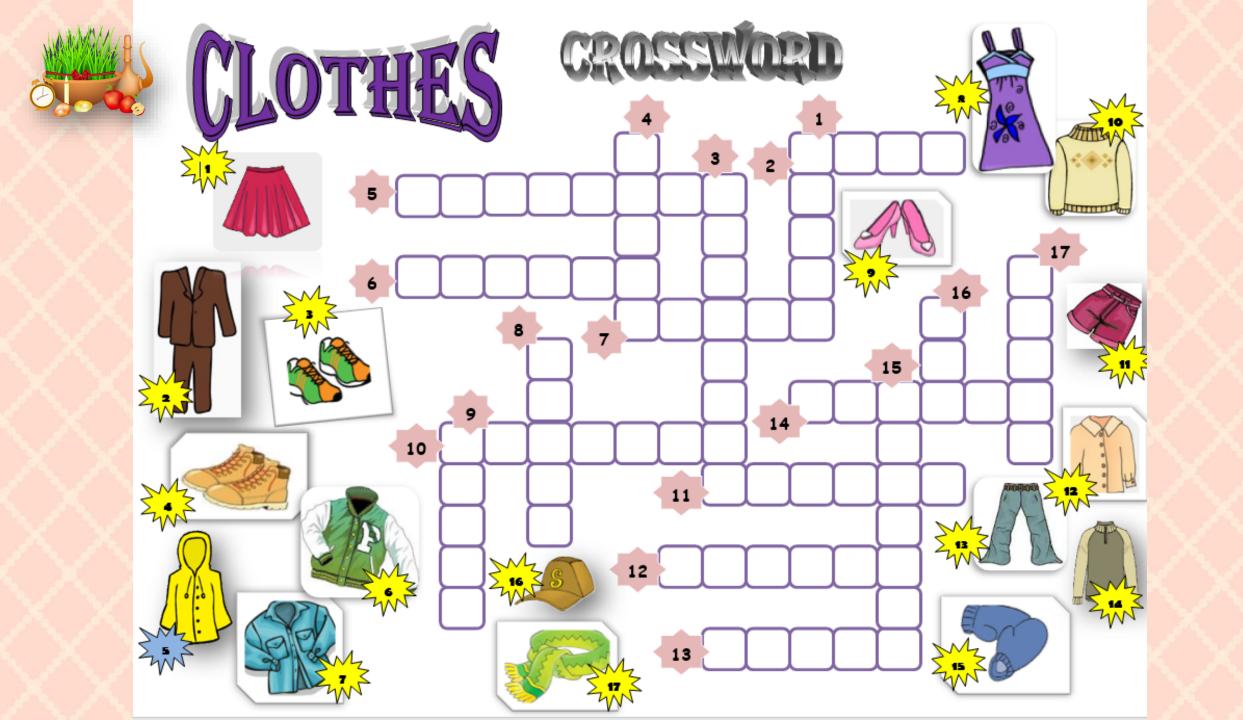
20. It's to work today (HOT).











—— I wish you a happy year——

